# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE 

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This invention relates generally to systems for flashing a number of different light circuits and has special application as a decoration for Christmas trees
For decorating Christmas trees or other such objects with strings of electric lights a pleasing effect may be secured by repeatedly flashing the lights. We have found that this effect may be augmented by having the lights
10 synchronism so that the tree affords a twin kling appearance Such devices must be capable of ready installation by persons unfamiliar with electrical circuits and must 15 be simple in construction to permit manufacturing in large quantities

It is an object of this invention to devise an electric light string for decoration purposes comprising a plurality of separately

It is a further object of this invention to devise an electric light string in the form of a portable unit which may be attached to any standard lamp socket, the unit having 25 interrupter elements for separately controlling a number of light circuits

It is another object of this invention to devise a lighting system comprising a plurality of light circuats controlled by a com-
30 mon switch means whereby certain lights may be either repeatedly flashed or burned steadily

Further objects of this invention will appear from the following description in 35 which we have set forth the preferred embodiment of our invention It is to be understood that the invention is to be accorded a range of mechanical equivalents consistent with the prior art

Referring to the drawings
Figure 1 is an assembly illustrating the manner in which the light string of this invention is made up as a portable unit which 45 may be attached to any standard lamp socket

Fig 2 is a cross sectional view taken along the line 2-2 of Fig 3

Fig 3 is a plan view of the mounting for the interrupter element with the enclosing so cover removed

Figure 4 is a plan view of one of the circuit interrupter elements
Figure 5 is a cross sectional view taken along the line 5-5 of Figure 4

Figure 6 is a bottom plan view of the mounting for the interrupter elements showing the construction of the circuit controllei switch

Figure 7 is a circuit diagram showing the manner in which different light circuits are connected wath the interrupter elements and ' the circuit controller

The unvention comprises generally a plurality of lamp cllcuits which are adapted to be energized from a common source of current and are associated with a circuit controller which serves to independently flash the lamps of each circuit The circurt controller is also proyided with switch means whereby one or a number of lamp circuits may be supplied with uninterrupted current to burn the lights steadily while the remainder of the circuits are permitted to flash The entire apparatus together with the circuit controller is consti ucted as a portable unit which may be installed by merely inserting a plug in a standard lamp socket

Referring first to the carcuit diagram of Figure 7, the system has been illustrated as being provided with five separate lamp circuits which have been designated as 1 to 5 inclusive It is obvious however that any number of lamp circuits may be employed, depending upon the size of the object being decorated and upon the effect desired These lamp circuits are all energized by a common source of current such as the current supply lines 10 and are electrically associated with a curcuit controller designated generally at 11 In practice each light circuit is electrically connected by means of a flexible electric cord whereby it may be conveniently draped over a Christmas tiee or other object to be decorated Thus as shown in Figure 1, each light circuit has been shown as comprising one or more lamp sockets 13 electrically connected together by means of flexible cord 14 and to the circuit controller 11 by means of cord 15 The sockets are adapted to recerve electric lamps 16 which may be of
different colors to secure any desired effect The lamp sockets 13 may etthei be connected in series or in parallel depending upon the rated voltage of the lamps The circuit con-

- troller is shown as connected to a supply of
current by means of a standard connection plug 17 which is connected with the contiolfer as ly means of flexible cord 18

Within the circuit controller 11 are mountwhich are adapted to independently firsh the lamps in each lamp cucurt These interrupter elements have been designated in the drawungs by numerals 21 to 25 inclusive and are shown as mounted in spaced relationship upon a disc 26 which is preferably made of unsulating material Any sutable constiuction of interrupter elements may be employed, although to secure reliable operation 20 it is pieferable to emplov interrupter elements such as shown in our copendrng apphcation Serial Number 101675 entitled "Carcuit interrupter" Such an interrupter element has been shown in detall in Figs 4 and
2s 5 and comprises a relatively flat metallic wafer 27 having a recess 28 offiset from the center of the same Mounted on one face of this wafer so as to overle the recess 28 is a bi-metallic strip 29 carrving a movable ${ }^{30}$ contact 30 Upon the other face of the wafer there is mounted a metallic spring contact strip 31 carrying a stationarv contact 32 adapted to cooperate with movable contact 30 This spring strip 31 is insulated from 35 the wafer 27 as by means of a sheet 33 of mica or other suitable material The bi-metallic element 29 is provided with a suitable heating resistance such as a resistance wire 34 whach is waund about the metallic member 40 and connected in shunt with contaets 30 and 32 This type of interrunter element is known as the shunt type although it 18 obvious that an interrupter element of the series tope may be employed Electrical con45 nections are made to this interrupter element by making electrical contact with the body of the metal wafer 27 and wath the spring eantact strip 31
The interrupter elements are secured in serves to make common eiectrical connection to all of the wafers 27 of the interrupter elements whule connection to the spring contact spaced relationship to the disc 27 by means of a metallic retainer 36 This retaner 15 provided with a number of pressed out flanges 37 adapted to surround and extend over the peripheral edge of each waifer 27 A plurality of integral projections 38 may be provided upon the wafer 27 to abitt the fanges 37 and thus force the interrupter elemont into close contact against the face of 31 is made by means of a plurality of contacts

39 shown in the form of eyelets extending through the disc 26

As will be presently described an interrupter element is associated with each 1 ghtng circuit so that the current in each circuit is separately interrupted Switch means has also been provided for short circuiting one or more of the circuit internupter elements so that the lamps of one or more lamp circuts may be burned steaduly while the remainder are permitted to flash This switch is preferably incorporated with the mounting for the interrupter elements The particular form of control switch shown comprises a movable contact member 41 pieferably in the form of a disc carried upon the end of a 10 tatable member 42 which is screw threaded into the retainer 36 Rotat on of member 42 is effected by means of the knob 43 whereby the disc 41 may be shifted ielative to the mounting disc 26 Mounted in juxtaposition to the moving contact member 41 and electricall connected to the eyelets 39 are a plurality of resilient switch fingers 44, one switch finger being provided for each interr upter element The free onds of these fingers are located different distances fiom the moving contact member 41 so that as this moving contact is shifted by rotation of knob 43 it seives to contact successively with the different fingers As the moving contact member 4.1 is electricallv connected with the retainer 37 by means of the threaded member 42 , and as the fingers 44 ue electrically connected with the eyelets 39 and the spring contact members 31 of each 1 n terrupter element, electrical connection between switch member 41 and any one of the fingers 44 serves to short circuit the contricts of the interruptel element associated wrth that finger

The electrical connections for the switching arrangement mav be best understood by 1 eference to Fig 7 Thus the retanner 36 has been anducated by the conductor 136 which serves to connect together the movable interrupter contacts One side of each light crircuit is also connected together by means of conductor 46 and is also connected to the other side of the line The other sade of 115 each light circuit has been shown as connected to a switch finger 44 by means of conductors 51 to 55 respectively With the swatch member 41 out of eontact with all of the switch fingers 44 , the interrupter elements 21 to 25 mciusive serve to repeatedly vary the current supplied to each light circuat 1 to 5 respeetively Each element is preferably adjusted or constructed so as to operate at a dafferent time period so that when in operation the lamps of a different circuat will not operate in synchronism If it is desired to bura a portion of the lnmps steady and allow the cemander to flash, the operator operates knob 43 to bing switch member 41 into con-
tact with say the nearest switch finger 44 which serves to shut out the contact of the mterrupter element 21 thus causing an intenrupted supply of current to flow in the lamps of circuit 1 but permits the other interiupter elements to flnsh the lamps of circuits 2 to 5 inclusive By further rotation of linob 43 two or more of the surtch fingers may be brought into contact with the movable switch 10 member 41 to cause the lamps of two or more cucuits to burn stendy and to permit the remamder to flash By tuining the knob to the limit of ats movement it may be made to shut out all of the interrupter elements and thus to cause all of the lamps to burn sleadily

In practice it is preferable to inclose the cncurt contioller by means of a metallic casing comprising fol example a metal cupshaped member 57 having a cover portion 58 clipped ovel its rim, this cover portion being provided with a surtable aper ture 59 through which the cords 15 and cord 18 extend An insulating lining 60 of fiore or other insulating material is provided withn the interior of the cup-shaped portion 57 to prevent short colcuiting of the retaines 36 upon the casing In ordes to limit movement ot the knob 43 there is provided in insulating washel 61 between the upper face of the casing and the lower face of the hnob

We claım
1 A decolative device for Christmas tices in the form of a poitable unit comprising a plurainty of lamp cucuts supplied fior a single source of current said curcuits being having a plurality of spaced lamps, a circuit interrupter electrically associated with each carcuit for periodically varying the current supplied to the lamps, said inteirupters ench having different time peirods, and a portable mounting for said interrupters

2 A decorative device for Christmas tiees compising a pluality of separate cucuits suppled from a common source of current, each circuit compising a substantial length of flexble cord supplying an electic lamp. and a controller associated with all of stad circuits, said contioller comprising a pluality of bimetallic circuit interiupteis each connected to a separate carcuit, each intellupter serving to repeatedly and independently valy current supplied to its respective circuit
3 A decorative device for Christmas trees comprising a plurality of separate circurts supphed from a common source of current, each circuit comprising a substantial length of flexible cord supplying an electric lamp, and a controller associated with all of said carcuits, said controller comprising a plurality of bimetallic circuit interrupters each connected to a separate circuit, each interrupter serving to repeatedly and independently vary cunient supplied to its respective cur-
cuit, and a switch comprising a single member movable for rendering all of said interrupters inoperative whereby said lamps may burn steadıly
4 A decorative device for Christmas trees comprising a controller box adapted to be connected to a supply of current, flexible conductor cords leading from sard box and adapted to be draped over a Christmas tree, a plurality of spaced electric lamps electrically associated with sadd cords, thereby forming a plurality of separate lamp circuits, and a plurality of periodic circuit interrupters having different tume periods disposed within said box and electrically associated severally with said lamp culcuits whereby the current supplied to the lamps is irregularly varied
5 A decorative device for Christmas trees comprising a plurality of electric lamps, flexible conductor cord connecting said lamps and adapted for electrical connection with a source of current, said cord formung a plurality of separate lamp circuits, a bimetallic circuit interrupter electrically associated with each circuit for varying current supplied to its respective circuut substantially peniodically, said interrupters having different timing periods whereby the device affords a varying irregular lighting effect
6 A decorative device for Christmas trees in the form of a portable unit compising a plurality of lamp circuits, a plug connected to sard curcuits, sand carcuits being formed by flexible conductor cord and each uncluding a plurality of spaced lamps, and means for poriodically flashing the lamps of each circuit at different time periods to secure an irregular lighting effect.
7 A decorative device for Christmas trees in the form of a portable unit comprising a 10 plurality of lamp circuits, a plug connected to said circurts, said curcuits being formed by flexible conductor cord and each having a plurality of spaced lamps, and an interrupter element in each circuit for periodically flashung the lamps of its respective circuit, said elements having different time periods to secure a varying irregular illuminating effect
In testumony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands

MILTON H SHOENBERG LESTER SCHON

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M H SHOENBERG ET AL
LIGHT FLASHING SYSTEM
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## Oct. 22, $1929 . \quad$ M. H. Shoenberg et al



