OFF OF THE SECRETARY REFERENCEA61142

				6	May	1954	
MEMO	FOR	Mr.	Friedman				

Thank you very much for your patience in waiting for these papers. They were very helpful.

M_ilt daslow

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TO: Mr. Friedman

Subject: CONSIDO

1. Mr. Zaslow, who is currently on loan from NSA to General Erskine's office, would like to read all the available material on the CONSIDO saga. His efforts to borrow G-2's CONSIDO file were not successful, as G-2 no longer supports the CONSIDO proposals and is therefore not enthusiastic about a possible revival of interest in the matter at the SecDef level. In any case, your file on the subject is the only complete one in existence.

I told Zaslow that I would inform you of his interest in the matter so that he could mention the file to you on the open 'phone, without using the fateful name. He would like permission to read the complete file (his present knowledge of the CONSIDO idea starts with the later, watered-down versions of the original). He is not planning to start a war but only to direct attention to the fact that a solution to certain pressing problems was once offered which was not tried and found wanting but found difficult and not tried.

Capt. R. Taylor (who says, "You may quote me") was interviewed by me and LtCdr Adams for the Korea project. His answer to a request for recommendation s regarding the "consumer" COMINT effort was as follows:

The COMINT units of the Intelligence consumer agencies should consolidate under one head. The consolidated organization should be physically located with PROD. Its membership should include representatives from the Plans and Operations staffs of the Department of Defense. The Director, NSA, should take the initiative for the establishment of CONSIDO units in Washington and in the field.

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By: Millian F. Friedman

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- A. Memorandum, subject: Maximum Exploitation of CONTHY, dated 17 May 1949.
- B. Memorandum to Director of Intelligence, GSUSA, subject: Proposed Memorandum for Chairman, USCIB, subject: Maximum Exploitation of COMINT, dated 25 April 1949.
- C. Memorandum for General Holfarney, subject: Establishment of a Single Communication Intelligence Evaluation and Dissemination Center.
- D. Consolidation Directive No. . . Hemorandum For: . . subject: Establishment of a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, NME.
- E. Memorandum from Secretary of Defense for the Joint Chiefs of Staff, subject: Maximum Exploitation of COMINT, dated 19 May 1949.
- F. Consolidation Directive No. . Memorandum for: _____ subject; Establishment of a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, National Military Establishment.
- G. Consolidation Directive No. . Memorandum for: , subject: Establishment of a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, Department of Defense.
- H. Remarks made by Col. Lovell at Forty-seventh Meeting of USCIB, held 2 December 1969, in explanation of chart eccempanying the draft COESTRO paper, with chart.
- I. Statement of Certain Methods for the Establishment of CONSIDO, dated 4 May 1950.
- J. Statement of Certain Methods for the Establishment of CONSIDO (The Second Report of the Ad Hoc Committee as revised by discussion at the Fifty-first (Special) Heeting of USCIB).

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MINT HISTORY OF CONSIDO

I. ORIGIN AND DEVELOPMENT OF CONCEPT

- 1. Definition of term: CONSIDO is the abbreviated term for Compolidated Special information Dissemination office, an organization which would be in effect a central office for the evaluation, publication, and disemination of communications intelligence.
- 2. First steps in formulation: The first draft of the paper containing the soncept, drafted by me at the request of Col. Serter W. Clarke, then Chief, Army Security Agency, was forwarded on 3 March 1969 to Col. Harold B. Hayes, then USCIS Co-ordinator. Col. Hayes was saked to semment on the advisability of bringing the subject to the attention of USCIS, the manner of its prepentation, the misquesy of argument, etc.
- J. Dissivanteges of situation as it then existed: As was pointed out in this draft, the system of decentralism evaluation and dissemination had three grave dissivanteges:
- a. The intelligence coverage and the broad picture which might be painted from ends-word sources was not and could not be painted;
- h. There was serious deplication of effort and product among the Departments of the Army, the Navy, State and the Central Intelligence Agency;
- c. From a security stanspoint, the decentralised operations connected with evaluation and dissemination, and the large number of copies of code-word material in circulation presented very serious basards to the protection of sources.

is advantages of proposed committeetion: Committeetion of the research facilities and personnel employed in the separate agencies concurred with the

1. There were at that time:

(1) At least three publications which contained the final product of the signal intelligence activities of the Government, prepared and issued by the Bepartment of State; (The Diplomatic Summary, published on a daily basis); The Army (the Military Digust, prepared and issued on a weekly basis); and the Navy (the Soviet Intelligence Summary, prepared and issued on a weekly basis).

(2) At least seven types of special reports and studies containing codeword material which were prepared and issued on a non-periodic basis (Special Reports, Order of Sattle Studies, and Communication Intelligence Stiefs prepared by Special Research Branch, Intelligence Division, U.S. Army; Special Reports and CSAN Handbooks prepared by the U.S. Havy; Order of Battle Studies and Special Studies prepared by the Army Security Agency); and

(3) Periodic sublications using eads-word material as collateral sources of information numbered and insure by the Control Data Nicesan Asserts

of information prepared and is sued by the Central Intelligence Agency.

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evaluation and publication of the COMINT product into a single, control organization for the evaluation and dissemination of the final code-word product would, it was believed:

- a. Bring about economies in facilities, space and personnel;
- b. Demonstrate the efficiency and economy of unification of operations within and among the responsible agencies:
- c. Give a better overall picture of the international situation; and
- d. Effect a more efficient control over the security of all operations, particularly through the limitations on dissemination of COMPAT products which would naturally result.
- 5. Recommendations: As a result of these considerations, the draft memorantum prepared recommended that:
- a. A single unit be established under USCIB direction for the evaluation, publication, and dissemination of the fruits of CONINT activities of the Armed Forces.
- b. The foregoing central unit be located at the cryptanalytic center having the most affective collateral information center,
- e. A single COKINT Summary be published on a weekly basis, supplemented by more detailed monthly, and quarterly publications with commutative indices.
- d. Such special code-ward publications as were elaborated by the various cryptanelytic processing centers or intelligence agencies of the Armed Forces, the Department of itate, or the Central Intelligence Agency also be published and disseminated by the central unit.
- 6. Comments of USCIB Co-ordinator: The USCIB Co-ordinator, Col. Mayes, returned the draft on 7 March 1949. He stated that for the following reasons the proposal second to him inadvisable:
- a. Such a proposal would result in the complete isolation of codeword material, while continuing in each department the normal intelligence duties without benefit of code-word source material;
- b. A single, evaluating unit would probably be taken over by the Central Intelligence Agency;





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- e. A single evaluation agency would have difficulty in meeting military, air, mavel, political, economic and other intelligence requirements.
- d. We provision was made in the proposal for the dissemination of urgent spot items which was characterized as the "most effective use made" and principal value of code-word material;
- e. Arguments advanced tended to support the closer integration of processing and evaluation rather than the integration of evaluation and dissemination.

7. Commente from Operations Division, ASAx

- a. The Chief, Operations Division, ASI also commented on the draft memorandum, noting that a single evaluation and publication unit, to be effective, presupposed a single processing unit, an organization not at that time established although it had been the subject of study by a special board. The Chief, Operations Division noted further that the concept of integration of the processing, evaluation, and publication of COMINT had not yet been tested in practice within the framework of American signal intelligence organizations, and that the transition from the procedures than in practice to contralized evaluation and publication would require considerable time and adjustment among the consumer and processing agencies.
- b. He therefore recommended that within the framework of the army am integration of processing with evaluation and publication of COMINT be effected, an integration which would (1) prove the validity of the integration of the three phases, (2) be acceptable under either a unified or co-ordinated concept of processing, (3) be effected with a minimum of time and administrative adjustment, and (4) serve as a model to be followed, if at a later date it was desired to embrace all major processing, evaluation, and publication in a centralized activity.
- 8. Revised first draft: Following the comments by the USCIB Co-ordinator and the Chief, Operations Division, a second draft for the proposed consolidation was prepared by me, with two noteworthy changes. In the light of Col. Hayes' comment that the recommendation that the *control unit be located at the
- 2. Memorandum, subject: Central Evaluation, Publication, and Dissemination of SIGINT, dated 15 March 1969.
- J. This Board, the so-called "Stone Board" had rendered its report but a decision on its recommendation had not been issued. The report entitled "Department of the Army Study of Joint Organization for the Production of Communication Intelligence" had been submitted 30 December 1948.



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explanalytic center naving the most effective collateral information center" was an ill-disguised attempt to locate the unit at Arlington Hall Station, and that even if the idea were good, it would be opposed by other USCIB members, a more general recommendation was made that the control unit be located at "one of the existing U.S. cryptanalytic processing centers." In response to the comment of the USCIB Co-ordinator on the vital need for the dissemination of urgent "spot items," a recommendation was added to continue the policy of spot dissemination of important or organic items, but with a more limited distribution.

9. Comments of Col. Clarke:

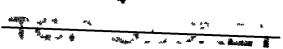
a. When this draft was submitted to Col. Clarks, he criticized what, in his opinion, were two chief weaknesses of the paper: (1) that the center, although to be established under USCIB direction, was to confine itself to the fruits of COMINT of the Armed Forces - Col. Clarks suggested that CIA and State Department might be included; and (2) that the concept had been limited to the integration of the various COMINT publications, whereas they should be extended into the more elaporate problems of integration.

b. Col. Clarke concluded his criticism with the following paragraph:

"My general comment on the whole tring is that we should shoot for record in this paper, dealing in detail with the specific problems of the Services and the difficulty of separating lesser and higher level intelligence. I also feel that we might well never take an indirect crack at the Stone Board report by pointing up those areas in which they avoided making responsible decisions."

10. Collaboration with members of Special Research Branch, ID, Amny: To carry out Col. Clarke's suggestion that the draft be revised to include the more elaborate problems of integration, I asked the assistance of two members of the Special Research Branch (CRS) of the Intelligence wivision, GREA, Hiss Caroline Fox and Hr. John O'Gara. With their aid a memorandum revised along the lines indicated by Col. Clarks was drafted for submission by the latter to the Director of Intelligence, GSUCA. As the accompanying note to the Director of Intelligence pointed out, the memorandum proposed to do for the swaluation and dissemination of CONTAT what the proposed Joint Intelligence Bureau would do for other intelligence. A final step would be the real integration of CONTAT processing, by unifying the operations of the processing agencies under a single hoad, along the lines proposed by the Army in the Stone Report or along similar lines.

Il. Details of memorandum as finally revised: In the memorandum as finally revised the basis reason for the establishment of a central COMINT evaluating



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unit was repeated, viz., the fact that under the decentralized organization of COMINT the Government was not provided with total intelligence derivable from COMINT source material. The point was made that radical changes must be made if UNCIB was to fulfill its responsibilities. The revised memoranhum continued, however, with more specific recommendations for remedying this situation than had been previously outlimed, is..

- (I) That a central C'MINT evaluating unit be set up at one of the USCIB technical agencies;
- (2) That this unit be responsible for the production of all intelligence based on CONDA and for the publication and dissemination of all such intelligence to U.S. Government personnel authorised to receive it.
- (3) That each USCIB member contribute personnel to this center, such personnel to be administratively subordinate to their respective departments and operationally subordinate to the Chief of the technical agency, and to have the dual responsibility of producing total intelligence for the National Security Council and intelligence of primary interest to their respective departments.
- (b) That upon the establishment of the central unit, all existing COMINT evaluating units of the five USCID members be dissolved.
- b. In the staff study accompanying the memorandum an analyzis of the current situation was made and certain supporting arguments were marshalled. The United States, it was indicated, was then spending annually approximately thirty-five million dollars for the technical production of CONIT raw material. It had, in addition, an investment of roughly forty-eight million dollars in the Army and Mavy facilities for the production of the raw material. For the evaluation and dissemination of this CONINT raw material, there existed five separate SCIB agencies, whose work was for the most part not co-ordinated and from which was produced no integrated, comprehensive, COMINT estimate covering any subject from the point of view of total U.S. intelligence requirements. The discussion which followed these facts showed in some detail how the arrangements them in effect of COMINT evaluation and dissemination were not efficient, not secure, not economical, and how they failed to insure timely dissemination of intelligence.
- c. This memorandum was signed by Col. Clarke on 20 April 1949 and forwarded to the Director of Intelligence. A copy is attached, Appendix A. For the sake of easy reference, it will hereafter be referred to as the "Clarke Hemorandum."

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12. Reaction of Director of Intelligence:

- a. The Clarke Memorandum was reviewed for the Director of Intelligence by Gol. Arthur C. Petersen, then Chief of special Research Aranch. In his review Col. Petersen commented that, while it was obvious that the recommendations of the Clarke Penorundum would provide a means of achieving full exploitation of COMIST, nevertheless if the recommendations were substitted to USCIB, two alternative reactions could be expected:
 - (1) The resonmendations would be rejected, with Navy and Air Force apposed on the ground that such a proposal would preclude the operational control measure to satisfy their intelligence requirements; or
 - (2) The recommendations would be accepted in principle by USCIB. In this case, the ultimate recommendation which USCIB would forward to the National Security Council (NSC) might be:
 - (a) That a central evaluating and disseminating unit be satablished under the authority and direction of Clin
 - (b) That, since a CCMINT evaluating and disseminating unit of the Office of Maval Intelligence (ONI) was already in operation at the Communication Supplementary Activity, Washington (CSW) this central unit would be located at CHAW.
- b. It was implied that neither of these last recommendations was agreeable to the Army. The Chief, SRS then proceeded to enumerate the reasons why the recommendations of the Clarke Hemorandum appeared objectionable to the Army and to the National Military Latabilehment (MMR):
 - (1) A single department within the NME would have operational control of all COMINT evaluation and dissemination at the Machington level, and ultimate control would be in the bands of a board which would include non-military members and would be responsible to the Mational Security Council.
 - (2) Although the mesorandum stated that personnel of the central evaluating and disseminating unit would be responsible for producing intelligence of primary interest to their respective departments, no provision was made for direction or control by these departments of the production and dissemination of such intelligence.



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- (3) No provision was made in the memorandum for the intelligence requirements of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, nor were the JCS given any means of controlling the production and dissemination of such intelligence.
- (h) If, as the semorandum assumed, two or more oryptanalytic processing agencies would continue to exist, the location of a central unit at one of the technical agencies would only partially satisfy the requirements for the maximum exploitation of CUMIST.
- e. Col. Peterson recommended, therefore, that the Director of Intelligence hold the study in abeyance until such time as the Armed Forces -county Agency, which was about to be established, could be set up.

13. Counterproposal of Col. Petersen:

noted that the reasons which led to the recommendations for a consolidated evaluation and disseminating center led also to the conclusion that a unified explanalytic processing center, i.e., an Armed forces requirity Agency, should be cetablished. With the establishment of such an organization, a central COMINT evaluating and disseminating unit could be formed at that Agency, composed of personnel contributed by the Army, Navy, and Air Force, and operationally subordinate to the Chief, AF3A. This personnel would have the dual responsibility of providing intelligence for the Joint Chiefs of Staff and intelligence of primary interest to their respective services. Upon the establishment of such a unit, the repertment of State and the Central Intelligence Agency could be invited to contribute personnel to the unit, thus providing for the integration of intelligence in the fields of intelligence allocated to those organizations.

b. Col. Peterson suggested, therefore, that, if it was decided to subsit a memorandum, it should be revised on the lines indicated above; he further suggested that this memorandum be submitted not to the Chairman, USCIB, but to the army Chief of Staff, with the recommendation that it be forwarded to the Secretary of Defense for consideration with the "Stone Report", which considered the COMINT problem through the stage of cryptanalytic processing. A copy of the memorandum drawn by Col. Peterson is attached as Appendix 3.

M. Decision of Director of Intelligence: According to the verbal statement of Col. Peterson, Major Comman Bolling, then Director of Intelligence,

5. 1951/1952



^{4.} See Note 3 above.



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decided in conference with Col. Clarks and Col. Peterson to follow Col. Peterson's first recommendation and to do nothing about the Clarks Memorandus, pending further developments and particularly the establishment of AFGL.

15. Action of Secretary of Defenses

- a. When Col. Clarke found this avenue of approach closed by the Director of Intelligence, he prepared a memoriadum for General McHarney, Chairman Hanagement Committee, Office of the Secretary of Defense, which called attention to (1) the proposed integration of all cryptologic activities of the Armed Forces and (2) the disadvantages of decentralised evaluation and dissemination of COMINT. A copy of this memorandum is attached as Appendix C.
- b. Attached to the memorandum were (1) the staff study on the meximum emploitation of COMINT as submitted to deneral Bolling, (See appendix A) and (2) a proposed Consolidation Directive establishing a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office within the National Military betaulishment ami providing for the voluntary participation of the Secretary of State and the Director of Central Intelligence. A copy of the Consolidation Directive is attached as Appendix D.
- e. With the assistance of Ceneral McNarmay, Col. Jarke was able to present his proposal to the them Jecretary of Defense (Louis A. Johnson). On 19 May 1949, the Jecretary of Defense sont a memorandum to the Joint Chiefs of Staff stating that he was considering the establishment of a consolidated Spacial Information Dissemination Office as a "further step to increase the efficiency and economy of MME communications intelligence activities" and making their comments and recommendations with respect to the staff study and directive by June 15, 1949. A copy of this memorandum is attached as Appendix E.

16. Papers referred to Joint Intalligence Committee:

- a. The JCS referred the accordance of the Secretary of Defense to the Joint Intelligence Committee for reparation of comments and recommendations, and the JTC, in turn, referred the removember to the Director of Intelligence for comments.
- b. An Ad Roc Committee was then appointed by the JIC to study the problem, and to prepare the required ecoments and recommendations. On the June 1949 the Ad Hoc Committee presented a report in which it was concluded:
 - "a. That the provisions of the proposed consolidation directive would decrease rather than increase the efficiency and economy of COMINT activities of the RME.



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- that the evaluation of chiller should not be divorced from the evaluation of all other intelligence.
- å That the proposed directive failed to provide (1) for the expeditions use of CORIN in support of the communications of the service departments, and (11) for the service departments, and (11) for the service of operational requirements of communders in thantary of combat.
- That the proposed consolidation directive was not in con-sonance with the provisions of the Charter of USCIB (NOCID No. 9).*
- c. In view of these conclusions the Ad Hot Committee reported that it had originally considered recommending that the JUS oppose adoption of the proposed directive and recommend to the Secretary of Defense that, if the organization of intelligence within the NNE was to receive further consideration, such consideration should be given to NNE intelligence as a whole and not be limited to one specific intelligence settedly. The Ad Hoc Committee had also considered advising that any reorganization partaining to CONINT be deferred withit such time as the organization of the newly-created processing agency (AFSA) had been determined and was functioning satisfactory.
- c. Since it was feared, however, that such direct rejection of the proposal, without a constructive alternate recommendation might result in the promalgation by the Senretary of Defence of the Consolidated Directive, a revised Consolidation Directive had been propared which retained the advantages of the original directive and aliminated the more serious disectrantages. A copy of this revised directive is attached as Appendix F. This revision (1) allowed the services to retain the necessary control of centrain espects of COMINI, the loss of which, it was felt, would seriously hamper commend responsibilities, and (2) provided for integration of COMINI with other intelligence from all courses. The revised directive did not, however, eliminate the provided that this would necessaltate referring the proposed the establishment of COMINI who non-service members of USCIB would oppose the establishment of COMINI.

17. First reply of JCS to Segratary of Defense:

- a. On 15 June 1969 the JUS sent the required comments and recommenda-tions to the Office of the Secretary of Defense. In their reply the JUS stated that they had considered the staff study on maximum exploitation of CUMINT and the draft of the consolidated directive, and that they nade the tellouing comments;
- *a. The provisions of the draft consolidation directive would depress rather than increase the efficiency and enoughly of



(Brief History of CUNSIDO)

Military Establishment. Considerable duplication of the sound of other W.S. intalligence ageuries would be necessary. If CONSIDO-MASHINGTON were to fulfill the responsibilities assigned to it. In addition, the draft directive states that CONSIDO-MASHINGTON will disempirate intelligence direct to the Joint Chiefs of Staff but makes no provision for the integration of such intelligence with intelligence provided to the Joint Chiefs of Staff by the intelligence Military Establishment. Considerable duplication of the STATES OF THE SETTIONS.

- ř COVINT and non-COMINT intelligence, Since COMINT, as intelligence, is not essentially different from other types of intelligence, any organization which isolates its evaluation from that of other sources is unrealistic. from evaluation of all other intalligance, a situation which would militate against accurate evaluation of both The draft directive would divorce evaluation of COMINE
- b. In view of what they regarded as serious disadvantages, tos JCS recommended that the action contemplated, i.e., the promulgation of the consolidation Directive, not be taken. This memorandum was signed for the JCS by Mumiral Louis Denfald and was forwarded to the Office of the Jecretary of
- memorization was withdrawn and the paper returned for reconstionation. Following a conference, newswar, with General McNarney,
- 16. Reconsideration by JIC: Secause of the complications side is well obviously involved in this problem, a new date, 15 October 1949, was set b, the Secretary of Defence for submission of an alternative proposal. The JIC and Stoc Constitute immediately began its reconsideration, with further papers and studies being prepared by the Department of State, the Control Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Durses of Investigation, which agencies had now come into the picture.

19. "Haports Group" domest:

- a. At this point in the argument, there was derised within the Intelligence Dividing, Army, a plan for a "jaports Group" within AFA, a group which would have the following functions and responsibilities:
- (1) Determination of COKIMI priorities based upon the intelligence raquirements of USCIB, the JCS, and the Services;
- (2) Co-ordination of COMINI priorities with oryptamilytic and intervept priorities;

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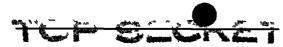


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- (3) Selection of messages and traffic analysis items for publication, with appropriate seements;
- (4) Preparation of CCMINT summaries, with community and pertinent colleteral information:
- (5) Lisison with Service and other U.S. COMINT groups;
- (6) Liaison with co-operating technical agencies;
- (?) Control of "plain-text" exploitation;
- (8) Publication of COMET products.
- b. It was pointed out that such a group could be established unier the terms of the AFSA Charter (JCS 2010), without additional directives or authorization at JCS or ME level. It was balisyed that the establishment of such a group would eliminate many of the objections to the decentralized system which had been used in support of the adoption of the CONSIDO directive. It was pointed out that if the group could be organized and functioning before 15 October 1949 the JIC would have a strong case against the need for a further consolidation directive.
- c. The outline of this plan was resented to the JIC by the Director of Intelligence, OSUSA, and it was very nearly accepted by the committee, but its final adoption was prevented by objections from the Air Force members of the Ad Hoc Committee (Colonel J. R. Lovell), who wanted the priorities to be decided by USCIB.

20. Suimission of modified report on CONSTIDE

- a. On 7 October 1569 another and much modified report regarding CONSIDO was submitted informally by the Ad Hoc Committee to General McMarney for consideration as the JCS reply to the Secretary of Defense. In this report it was stated that the JCS agreed that:
 - *a. A consolidation of the evaluation, collation, and dissemination stages of COHAT was practicable and desirable.
 - *b. Although most of the specific provisions of the proposed directive of the Jecretary of Defense were necessary and desirable, certain provisions thereof should be modified in order not to affect adversely the orderly development of intelligence for the Fillitery Departments and the Department of Defense.



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"c. The proposed directive could be sodified without vitiating the primary objectives of attaining greater efficiency, secondly and separity in the exploitation of COMINT."

b. To the report was attacked a version of the proposed directive modified so as to "facilitate the orderly development of intelligence is the Department of Defense and result in greater efficiency, economy and security in the exploitation of CCRIST." This modified Consolidation Directive is attached as Appendix G. Its main previsions were:

- (1) Name: Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, designated *CONSIDO.*
- (2) Establishment: Within the Department of Defence, under the direction and control of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- (3) Location: At the main communications intelligence processing center of the Armed Forces Security Agency.
- (4) Purpose: To provide for placing under one authority the conduct of evaluation and collection of the preduct of AFSA and for the saintenance of Limison between AFSA and the Intelligence Staffs of the Kilitary Departments, the Department of State, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (5) Composition: Such facilities and military and civilian personnel as the JCS might assign; the Secretary of State, the Director of Control Intelligence, and the Lirector of the FBI were invited to participate.
- (5) Chief: The Chief, CONSIDO was to be appointed by the JCT For a period not exceeding three years, the assignment being rotated among the Military Departments. A full-time deputy was to be assigned from each of the Military Departments and from such other agencies or departments as were represented on CENJIDO.
- (?) Chain of Cameand: CONSIDO would sperate under the direction and control of the JCS, direct supervision to be emercised by the JIC.
- (8) Control: Military and civilian personnel detailed to CONSIDO would be under the operational control of the Chief, CONSIDO. The administration of the personnel would be the responsibility of the department or agency from which they have been assigned.

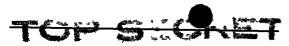


(Brief History of CONSIDO)

- (9) Responsibility: Subject to the direction and control of the JIC. the Chief. COMSIDO would execute policies, plans, and doctrines relating to the evaluation and collation of the product of AFSA and the dissemination of the product of CONSIDO.
- (10) The Departments of the Army, Navy and Air Force: Would (a) take astion to facilitate the efficient and economic operation of CCMSIDO by assigning military and civilian personnel to CONSIDO; (b) be responsible, within the Department of Defense. for interpretation of the CONCIDO product and for information from all other sources for the production of intelligence: (c) retain responsibility, within the Department of Defense, for dissemination of intelligence bearing the COMINT code word designator; (d) not undertake or continue any of the functions which were assigned by the directive to CONSIDO.
- (11) The Director, AFSA: Would make available to the Chief. CONSIDO such AFSA facilities, equipment, records and files as were determined by the JIC to be required for the performance of the functions of CChSIDO, and after the establishment of CONSIDO would not disseminate the product of AFSA to any U.S. agency other than COMSIDO, except as directed by the JUS. Nothing in the directive was to alter technical agreements ratified by the USCIB. and the provision of information for technical purposes to the Army Security Agency, The Navy Communications Supplementary Activities, and the Air Force Security Service.
- (12) Implementation: CONSIDO was to be placed in operation as soon as practicable.

21. Comments by General McNarney:

- a. General McHarney was favorably disposed toward the draft JIC report and the accompanying CONSIDO directive, but in conference on 19 October 1949 with Major General S. Lercy Irwin, who had succeeded General bolling as Director of Intelligence, Ceneral McHarmey suggested that certain points required amendment or clarification. These were:
- (1) The control structure for CCNSIDO appeared weak when considered in conjunction with the control structure for AFSA. Specifically, it seemed unside to have JIC as the controlling body of CONSIDO and another group, AFCIAC is the controlling body of AFSA, when AFSA and CCRSIDO were functionally so closely related. A single body, reporting to the JCS, would seem to be required to control both CONSIDO and AFSA.



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(Brief History of CHSIDE)

- (2) The directive should be more specific in spelling out the functions to be performed in CHIDO and delimiting what remained to be done in the Military Departments. CONSTRO should be so chartered that it could provide integrated estimates based on all available COMMT and reflecting the joint view of all the intelligence agencies.
- (3) The directive should implude an express prohibition against any Hilitary Department's reconstituting my of its elements which were transferred to CONSTRO or reasoning any of the functions passed to CONSTRO.
- b. In his conference with General Irwin, General McHarmey stated first the directive should be co-ordinated with the Department of State, CLL, and the FBI, with a view toward making it acceptable to them while still retaining military control of the operation. He recommended that informal discussions with those agencies be conducted by JIC with a view to their participation in CONSIDO, and commented that he was sure that it had been made clear to them previously that the consolidation was a Department of Defense matter and would take place regardless of their opinions.
- c. In closing, General Homerney stated that he felt that the proposed consolidation had tremendous possibilities for improving Department of Defense intelligence. We said that the revision incorporating his suggestions need not be referred to him informally again but on lid be transmitted directly to the JCS.
- 22. Revision not completed: Defire the revision along the lines recommended by General McDarney could be carried out, however, the matter was brought before USGIS. The following portion of this history deals, therefore, with the consideration of the proposal by that Board.

II. USCIB'S CONSIDERATIOF OF CONSIDO

1. Introduction to USCIB:

a. COFSIDO was introduced for consideration by USGIB at the lorty-Seventh Heeting of that Board, held 2 December 1940. Presentation of the Draft COMSIDO Paper, as outlined in Paragraph 20 above was made by Colonel Lovell, USAF, before the members of BSGIB and two members of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. As visual aid, Sol. Lovell used a chart to describe the

7. This draft CONSIDO paper was issued as USCIS: 26/2.

^{6.} USCIB: 26/1



(Drief Hatory of OKSIDO)

comments, is attached as Appendix I. functions of the propused OMEDIO. This chart, with Col. Lordi's explanatory

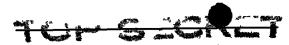
plan to establish C ... It would be studied by representatives of the Department of State, Cli, and Fill, with any assistance these agencies sight wish from the Jic at Non Consiste which had drawn the proposal, and (2) that the plan would then be discussed at length at a future neeting of the Sound.

2. Comments by CIA:

- to the USCIS members his comments on the Aropused CMIND. He pointed out that be the Mational security set of 1947 the Central Intelligence agency had been made responsible to the National Security Counsil for (1) correlation and evaluation of security intelligence activities; (2) provising for the appropriate dissemination of such information; and (3) protection of intelligence sources are methods from unsuthorized disclosure. The Arra charter and the OCN IDO proposal (as drafted) were, according to the Director of Central Intelligence, in deregation of each of these responsibilities since thay: On 12 January 1950 the Director of Central Infalligence forwarded
- (1) To not contemplate mirice or recommendation by the limedor of central intelligence to the 177;
- (2) Piece evaluation and convulation of the AFAA product and dissemination of the product under the control of the JIC;
- (3) Fut source and method security responsibility entirely in the Department of Defences
- (4) Place requirements and priorities under the control of the Jaint Chiefs of Staff.
- Charter and the proposed C. Millio (as drafted) were derogations of the responsibilities, authority, and functions of U.C.B as established by 19918 No. 9.
- and adopt positive action to: de therefore recommended that will consider at its ment execute,
- Inform the Jerretary of Defense of the conflicts with its responsibilities and functions contained in the CONSTRO

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(Brief History of CONSIDO)

proposal and ATA directive, and make specific recommendations for modifications necessary for the resolution thereof.

- *b. Request that the decretary of Defense recognize the individual responsibilities of the non-military member agencies of UNIB and assure that no internal changes or Department of Defense reorganisation of CMDS activities will result in interruption of carrently established rights of access, methods of collaboration, or dissemination of material or information between these members and the military agencies, or the orderly development thereof.
- "4. Inform the Secretary of Lefense that LaCIS, in exercise of its responsibilities both for the authorizative coordination of CCHIAT sotivities of the Government and for the further purpose of advising the -irector of Central Intelligence in matters for which he is responsible, proposes to:
 - *(1) Take immediate action toward the formulation of policies and directives necessary to improve the authoritative coordination of COMMY activities in the light of new developments and experience.
 - "(2) Assist the mirector of Central Intelligence in his proposed survey conducted to determine any necessity for advising the Maticual Security Council on coordination of communications intelligence matters which his statutory responsibilities require.
- "d. Include in consideration of over-all exploitation problems the existing Cla facility and approve the interim informal proposals of the Mirector of Central Intelligence described in paragraph (7) of this paper."
- or a copy of the proposal Common directive, modified along lines more agreeable to the Director of Central Intelligence, was appended. It was stated that this revision was offered not as a proposal with any latent of recommending its adoption by the Secretary of Defense but merely to indicate some of the objectionable features and omissions of the original draft directive.
 - e. Main changes proposed in the revision were:
 - (1) Change of name from CCH3IDO to AFBIDO (Armed Forces Special Information Bissemination Office):



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(drief history of CHSHO)

- (2) Limitation of authority within and for the Department of Defense:
- (3) Deletion from the functions of Lisison between ACLA and the Department of State, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Jureau of Investigation.
- (4) imposes upon the Ametioning of AFADA in accordance with accordance with accordance with accordance with

3. Subsequent action by towills

a. At the Forty-eighth Recting of LACI3, held 13 January 1950, the draft Challot paper was again discussed. Although there was general agreement emong the members that there was a definite most for Challot, both the Cantral Intelligence gency and the Repartment of State made it clear that they objected to the form in unich the proposal had been irrated because it made the Lepartment of Defense alone responsible for runding Challot. Assiral Millenkoetter, representing CIA, suggested that the CIA could support a CONCIDC proposal in which the Department of State and the CIA would be responsible jointly with the Department of State and the CIA would be responsible jointly with

b. This view was supported by a statement read by Ar. Armstrong, Department of State, in which appeared the following views:

"It is a matter of record that the hepartment has consistantly felt that there are basic and fundamental reasons which require it to oppose the exclusive control of the dissemination and evaluation of CATAN materials by the Joint Chiefs of Staff or any other exclusively military body...... The Department is still of the opinion that CACL is the sect framework within which the military and civilian CCHINT interests and functions can be developed."

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"This plan...contain(s) numerous desirable and praiseworthy provisions which should contribute naterially toward attaining the common objectives of all nembers of the nound. However, the beyorthest notes that it also includes a number of provisions which by language, if not by intent, extend definitely into the operating and administrative structures of the civilian agencies on COCIS and which contravens and is ald, if adopted, vibiate principles and

^{9.} USCIB: 26/4.

(Brist Hatory of CHEIDO)

provisions of the duster (NSCID No. 9) which the Department believes ないなない。

- described in the directive contained a number of elements which appeared to lie outside the authority of the Mattonal Military Establishment. It, theref recommended that the CMSIDO directive be rewritten so that its terms were applicable to the armed services only, with provision for adequate limitum under the authority of USCIB between AFSA and CCMSIDO on the one hand and the civilian agammism on the other. In general the Department of State ballwood that the CASIDO tarma,
- d. General Irwin, representing the irmy, explained that General McHarney's directive required that CAN HID be restricted to an EME organization and that that the reason it had the appearance of a military creation. If the co-operation of State and ULA could be obtained, he felt that the ultimate in efficiency and security would have been achieved.
- e. It was generally agreed tout there was sufficient merit in the proposal to warrant buill occumittee sotion, and, tumrefore, an id lies Committee was nesed (1) to study the CM: IDO proposal in the light of the communite by CIA and the Department of State and (2) to draft a new proposal for prescribation
- members of the Ad Hoc Countities: The following representatives were, twerefore, appointed as

Army - Calcasel P. K. Porch, USA (Alternate Col. S. Erosm)
havy - Captain J. H. Coker, USH
Air Furce - Colonel J. H. Lovell, USAF (Alternate Lt. Col. E State * Mr. T. S. Polymoides, Chairman - Captain de M. Sender, COM WAF (Alternate Lt. Col. H. H. Town

- g. Progress reports by the Ad Non Committee and the date for the final report were last to the discretion of the Chairman.
- h. Begrarts of USCIB Ad Hod Committee:
- a. The USCIN Ad Noc Committee, meeting for the first time on 15 Jan-wary 1950, addressed itself to the following problems: 10
- Ageorandum for the Chairman, WICIB, subject: Report of USCIB at Heat Committee for Consideration of C. NSDO, dated 14 March 1950.

THE STORY

(Brief History of CONCIDO)

- f intelligence activities is feasible on a six-agency THE PERSON
- f If Teasible, what type of integrated organization can be established on a banks satisfactory to all member agencies of USCIB.*
- b. As a first step it was agreed that the civilian agencies should attempt to draft a plan which would meet their requirements and which would be specified to the meets of the military agencies.
- military members as a basis for further discussions, it the next mesting however, on 20 February 1950, separate druft directives were submitted by the Mir force member. The Committee reviewed these drafts and it was decided that the Air Force version, widon attempted to compose the differences between the MME draft directive and the State Department draft directive, would form the basis for future discussions. to Committee reconvened on 13 February 1950 to consider a proposed directive prepared by the De; artment of State member and accepted by the other non-
- d. On 2 Narth 1950, when the Committee set to oursider the final draft, the Department of State, CIA, FEI, Air Force and AFA agreed that, although the latest draft was not acceptable in every particular, it should be edited further and be sent to USCIB for consideration. This was opposed, however, by the Army and the Navy members, who substituted jointly (1) a written statement that the CORSIDO organization proposed in the draft USCIB directive did not meet the requirements of the Defense Establishment, and (2) a revised directive for the establishment of CONSIDO within the Department of Defense under the direction and control of the Joint Crists of Staff. a mitte
- e. It soon became apparent that the cleavage on fundamental principles precluded further effort on the part of the Ad Hoc Committee to prepare an agreed CONCIDC perposal. The report therefore submitted by the Committee #tuted.

femalible on a six-agency basis. The Committee stands divided fire to two, as to the type of integrated organization which can be established on a basis satisfactory to all member agencies The Committee.... is unwrimous in agreeing that the principle of integration in certain COMINT intelligence activities is feasible on a six-agency basis. The Committee stands divided a will.



(Brist History of CHSIDO)

5. Further 13018 discussion:

- inc Committee in the form of two dwaft directives for the establishment of the ACCONCING. One draft directive would establish a CCHSING under the control of CONCING. One draft directive would establish a CCHSING under the control of the Air Force) and the other under the control of the military agreed upon by the Army and May. The Chairman of the Ad Hoc Committee further pointed out that the wate of 5 to 2 pertained to the consideration of the principle that CCHSING suchide established under UNID control and did not messessarily mean that there was complete agreement on the details of such a CONSING on the particular the the who fareward until control. It was agreed to pastpone any settion on the establishment of a CONSING, allowing the Army and the heavy action the office internal reconciliation and to explore now are around a "upper printing
- b. At the next (50th) meeting of 17013 (14 April 1950) the item of COMMINIO was suspended from the agreeds, pending informal discussion by the members would meet in Executive Section at the conclusion of the meeting to discuss the COMMINO problem.
- for Consideration of CONSTIN was reconvened and addressed by Hajor General Irwin on behalf of the Board. The Committee was directed to resume its work toward formulating a set of basis principles for the creation of CONSTIN.

 The principles emuserated by General Irwin ware:
- 41. Consider 05018 handling all priorities.
- 2. Canada by:
- iscluding the Istalligence Directors concerned;

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- Joint Chiefs of Staff, through JIC augmented by CIA, FOI and Otate,
- OCHESTED must be an organization --- not an ad how unit.
- h. OCHSIDO to dissenduate AFSA preduct.
- Udisider some apacial operations by cartain agencies, i.o., at bee additional members for special projects.



FOR GEARLE

(orief History of CONCIDO)

- Adequate provision must be made for reasonable stability of personnel to permit continuity in functional operation.
- 7. Chief of GCMSIDO to be Military."11
- d. The Committee was imptructed further to provide elucidation of the various methods, within the framework of these principles, whereby CCHOIDO could be extablished.
- e. In accordance with these instructions, the Ad Hoc Committee presented a second report (attached as Appendix I) which was in the form of an exposition rather than a directive, and which contained alternate proposals on controversial points. This report was presented at the Fifty-First (Special) Recting of USCID on 5 May 1950, and was discussed by the members paragraph by paragraph. The report of the Committee, as revised in the discussion at the meeting, is attached as Appendix J. Changes are indicated by underlining.

5. The demise of the CON 1DO proposal:

- a. In the final discussion of the report of the Ad Hoc Committee, the Department of State samber reserved his decision in regard to the command control of CONSIDO, and the Navy member reserved his decision on the question of the control of personnel and the deputy.
- b. After prolonged discussion, the Ad Hoc Committee agreed ununisously that the problems of form and control of COMSIDO affected all aspects of COMSIDO to such a degree that it was not feasible to draft other portions of a directive until agreement could be reached on these two fundamental problems.
- s. At the Fifty-second Meeting of USCIB, held on 9 June 1950, General Irwin recommended that the item of CONCIDO be stricken from the agenda for that meeting since the Military Members required additional time for study. At the Fifty-third Meeting, held on 14 July 1950, the item was removed from the agenda, subject to possible restoration at a future date.
- 11. USCIB: 26/9, Enclosure A.
- 12. USCIB: 25/9, Enclosure B.
- 13. Unnumbered USCIE document.
- lk. References to the discussions of CONSIDO at the 19th through 53rd meetings of USCIB are: 19th Heeting: USCIB: 26/7; 50th Heeting: USCIB: 26/10; 52rd Heeting: USCIB: 26/12; 53rd Heeting: USCIB: 26/13.

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- d. To the date of this writing the subject has not been restored on the agends and it is fair to say that during the period May to July 1950 the CONSIDO concept suffered a decline which caused it to pass from an imminent operational to a purely historical status.
- e. The COESIDO story as related above tells of events in a gestation which lasted about 16 months but which did not terminate in an accouchement, even one that produced only a stillbirth. It is difficult to believe that the inscinence of the birth after so many and such lengthy labor pains was simply everlocked by high sutherity. In certain quarters apparently, so abhorrent is the whole concept that even after the passage of two years the mere mention of the word CASIDO cames spots before the eyes and tremors of the body.
- 7. The CONTING proposal: The CONTING concept is somewhat related to another proposal which was made almost a year after the death of CONTING and which also dealt with certain aspects of dissemination of CONTING. Therefore, this history will centimes with an account of CONTING.

III. BRIEF HISTORY OF CONSTIN

L. Definition of term: COMMON is the abbreviated term for COMMON Special Intelligence Dissemination Office, an organization which, had it been established, was to have provided an integrated dissemination service of U.S. and U.K. - produced COMINT to the Supreme Pendquarters Allied Powers Europe (SHAFE). To avoid confusion with COMSIDO, and possibly for the reason alluded to in paragraph 60 above, the term SIDO was by common consent substituted for COMFIDO.15

2. Origin of concept:

- a. The idea of a combined special intelligence disposination office at SHAPE had its origin in a request received on 12 March 1951 by the Director of Intelligence, GRUSA, from Constal Lisenhouser (SACL-R) that Major General Sir Terrence Airey, Aritish Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, SHAPE, be authorised to receive COMINT in that capacity. After an informal exchange of views between U.S. G-2 and GCAC representatives, it was proposed that as an interim measure the U.S. Army Special Security Officer (S.C), Paris would serve all authorized U.S. and British COMINT recipients in FIAPE.
- b. When the Corrdinator, USCIB, was advised by the Director of Intelligence of this request, he recommended that until agreed conditions of discenination and security regulations have been drawn up and approved by both USCIB and LSIB, discenination of U.S. COMINT should be confined to U.S.



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(Brief History of CONCIDO)

personnel and that the British be asked to serve British personnel. In view of the fact that there was a complete exchange between GCHQ and AFCA, the Co-ordinator thought this arrangement should result in no loss of intelligence either to the British Intelligence Head or to General Risenhover. The matter was referred to URCIB for information and consideration.

3. Consideration by USCIB:

- a. At the Sixty-second Meeting of USCIB, held on 13 April 1951, the subject was raised by Major General Bolling, and the relation of General Airey's clearance to the larger question of security regulations for Global COMINT Collaboration was discussed. In
- b. Admiral Stone presented informal views of the initiah on this subject, remaived the day before, which were to the effect that until a policy on dissemination of intelligence generally had been prepared no COMET in any form, raw or digested, would be disseminated to SHAPE. But given (1) a decision on this matter, and (2) U.S.-British agreement that there should be a service of COPINT to SHAPE, the British view was that "the flows of COPINT and SIGINT in all forms should if possible meet in one security and distribution office and there be co-ordinated by COPINT and SIGINT specialists into a single flow to SHAPE."
- c. The USCIB decision at this meeting was that the LCCIB Co-ordinator should advise the Director, GCNQ, of the Board's opinion that, as an interim arrangement, General Airey be serviced with COTINT by a British representative, and that the Director, GCRQ should be informed that this was a patter deserving prompt attention. This was done by letter dated in April 1969. On 16 April the Joint Chiefs of Staff were informed of the JSCIB decision.

4. British reply:

a. The British reply! deted 10 May 1949, repeated its request that as an immediate and interim measure, the U.S. Army SSO in Paris should undertake to supply to General Airey such CONIM as USCIB would consider necessary to enable him to want has full part as Assistant Chief of Staff (Intelligence) to General Risenhower. As permanent arrangements for the supply of COMIMI to authorized U.S./British officers in SHAPR, it was proposed that:

^{18.} LSCIB: 13/176.



^{16.} UTCIB: 13/170.

^{17.} UKIB: 13/166.



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(Brief History of CONSIDO)

- **. Authorized U.C. and British officers in TAPE should be served with COMET by a combined U.S./U.Y. office;
- *b. The British element in this office should consist of an officer and any necessary small supporting staff;
- "c. While COMIAT sent to this office should, in principle, be for common U.S./U.K. use, it should reach the office through channels providing "U.S. EYES CRIT and "U.K. TYBE ONLY" facilities so that, where necessary, matters of purely national concern could be communicated;
- "d. In primitie, U.S. and U.K. authorities should inform each other what (NTT each has sent to SPATE and the means to achieve this should be explored."

5. Reaction to Dritish views

a. The British proposal was read and discussed at the Sixty-third Heeting of the Board, held 11 May 1969. The USCIB Co-ordinator recommended that the British proposal be referred to the UCTB Intelligence Committee for study and recommendation, but this recommendation was opposed by Hajor General Cabell. UEAF. who expressed the ordnion that the nature of the traffic concerned did not lend itself to a foint office, and suggested that the Board take cognizance of this fact and agree that separate offices be established. General Capell's view was supported by Lt. General A. 3. Smith. Director of Central Intelligence and Chairman of JCCIA, on the grounds that General Eisenhover probably would not tolerate a situation like that proposed by the British, principally because the existence of an Anglo-American joint center would place him (Gen. Eisenhower) in a bad position vis-a-vis the French. the Dutch and other nations represented in CAME meadquarters. This ominion met with agreement among most of the numbers of the Board, but Hajor General Halph J. Camine, representing the Army, for Major General Holling, informed the members that Lt. Colonel Russel d. Holton, one of his officers, had just returned from Paris and that he thought that Col. Helton might have some information on the attitude of General Gruenther, General Eisenhower's Chief of Staff, toward the proposed joint COMIRT office in SHAPE. When brought before the Board, Col. Holton informed that body that Brig. General (then Colonel) Schow of SHAPE had been thoroughly briefed on the U. . proposal and had stated that he thought it would be satisfactory. He presumed that General Schow has cleared the matter with General Gruenther.

19. USCIB: 13/178.

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(srief History of CONSTOR)

- b. At the proposal of General Smith, it was agreed that before a reply was made to the British on the subject proposal, the USCIB Co-ordinator should prepare a message to General Gruenther to obtain his views. It was further agreed that this massage would point up possible difficulties in the operation of a Joint U.S./b.K. COMMET effice in Edark, yet advise General Gruenther of General Section of General Sect
- 6. Views of Sacount In reply to the measage sent, as instructed, sy the USCIB Co-ordinator to the SACRLE, a message was required by Major General Bolling for A COTS from the SACEUR, dated 18 day 1951. In this message. SACELA pointed out that the time had come "to decide precisely how CONI P is to be handled as between Sritish and Americans at SEAPE, "20 SACEUR reviewed the difficulties inherent in a point Angle-omerican unit in SHAPE and Stated that COVINI should be candled at PLAFE by a B.S. terminal as at present. At the seme tire SACHUR emphasized that it was essential that intelligence material reaching 0-2 at SIAPA should arrive as an integrated Anglo-American Service. It was therefore recommended that intelligence material arriving at Wark first be integrated on an inglo-american basis in London or washington. preferably the former for same of reference and fullest emploitation of Luropean sources. In cases where there was divergence of opinion in interpretation of material, this should simply be stated. It was noted in the mostace that teneral Airey was rutting the proposal to the British authorities and felt confident they would agree. JaCsin stated that he hoted arrangements could be rade to implement this policy without delay.

7. Reply of USCIB to SACELE:

- a. Following consideration of this magage at the Sixty-fourth (Special) Meeting of USCIB, meld on 24 May 1951, USCIB agreed to accept the proposal test COLIVE be supplied to Jan Street an integrated anglo-Arestican Service located in London. It was further agreed that the Deputy UCCIB Co-ordinator, RAD+ (then Cept.) J. N. Yanger, and Lt. Colonel Helion (AC of 5, G-2) would proceed to London and Faris to work out necessary details with CC N. and SHAPE representatives. Disputeness were to be sent to SHAPE and GCHO on these arrangements.
- b. The reply sent by General colling to General Gruenther axpressed USCIB's occcurrence in the proposal on handling COMINT and in SACRUS preference of London as the point of integration. Consideration was expressed for the risk involved in the G.S. serving british in SAAFs while denying material to other nationals, but it was stated that USCIB believed this danger could be minimized by proper communications and handling procedures. As was desired by GCIB²² it was expressly stated that USCIB dad not visualize that

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21. USQIB: 13/186.

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^{20.} USCIB: 13/177.

^{2).} USCIB: 13/186. This view had not been included in the original draft of the message to SACELR (USCIB: 13/182).

REF ID: A61142



(Brief History of COMSIDO)

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

the combined Lordon office would be an intelligence division for SMPE but rather a specialized message center in continuous operation to integrate and pass on to SHAPE evaluated and other V.S. and British CONINT reservoi from V.S. and British sources.* The concurrence or comment of SACEUR was requested.

8. Resution of GCHQ:

a. The reaction of OCHQ to General Alsenhouse's proposal was very favorable. On 22 May of the aritish Linion Office in Washington relayed a message from the Director, OCHQ, as follows: 24

Missenhower for supply of SRIPS to be integrated in either London or Washington and supplied to S.S.A.P.E. through an American office in Paris. I think, however, and will recommend to the Board and sa confident of their acceptance, that this proposal should be agreed to, and that the Board's original proposal for a joint office in Paris should be withdrawn, now that S.S.A.P.E. have said it would be unsuitable.

"Think that London is obvious choice for Location. Je would surely welcome and sould give every facility to the U.S. element is an integrated Anglo-U.S. party in London."

b. On 1 June 1951 the L3CIB Co-ordinator was informed by the Semior British Limison Officer in Weshington that L5IB had approved in principle SMAPE's proposals as contained in General Eisenhower's cable and had suther-ised the Director, GCRO, to negotiate agreement with USCIB.

9. Mission to London:

a. As had been agreed upon by USCIB, representatives were sent by USCIB to GCHQ to work out necessary details with SHAPE and British representatives. These representatives, RADM Wenger, Lt. Colonal Melton, and Mr. John O'Gara, met with British representatives in London and there draw up Terms of Reference for the Combined Special Intelligence Dissemination Office was later referred to as Special Intelligence Dissemination Office or SIDO.

25. Paragraph 1.

^{24.} USCI 8: 13/181.



(Brief History of C(NSIDO)

b. Upon the return of the representatives, the Terms of deference were presented to USCIB at the Sixth-fifth Meeting of that Board, held or 22 June 1951. These were as follows:20

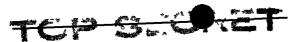
"Terms of Reference for Combined Special Intelligence Dissemination Office. Fromble. There is hereby established under the methority of USCIB and LSIB a Combined Special Intelligence Dissemination Office. Designated and hereafter referred to an SIDO, eperating under the administrative control of the A.C. of S., G-Z, GSUSA, acting as kracutive agent on behalf of USCIB and LSIB. The SIDO shall be located at London and shall have the purpose, composition, and functions hereinafter described.

- 1. Purpose. SIM is established in order to provide an integrated service of U.S. and U.K. produced COMIPT to JIN A.
 - 2. Composition.
 - A. SIDC shall consist of such facilities and personnel as are required to provide integrated COVINT service to TAPE.
 - B. A U.S. officer will be the administrative head of "IDO.
 - 3. Functions.
 - A. SIDOs primary mission will be to integrate the flow to SHAPE of COMET from the respective L.S. and U.K. Executive Agents.
 - D. SIDO shall not function as an agency for the exchange of COMIST between U.S. and U.K. agencies.
 - C. Personnel detailed to SIDC will be under the operational control of their respective executive agents, I_*E_* , A.C. of S., G-2, or GCHC. U.S. personnel will contest British COLINT agencies only through the SLSEC.
- 4. Methods of Operation. To achieve integrated flow of CCHI T to SHAPE, COMMIDO will perform the following general functions:
 - A. Eliminate duplication of identical items.
 - B. Elimination of discrepancies of fact and, as far as possible discrepancies in interpretation of T/A in terms of order of battle, move of units, etc., with indication of origin, at least where differences remain.



(Brief "Listory of CONSTID)

- C. CONCIDE shall not attent in any way to reconcile differences in the evaluation (including comments) between British and U.S. COMINI. Where such differences exist, cooptination shall be limited to insuring that SIAPE is advised of such differences, or that each version is clearly identified as to source. Possible means of accomplishing this advice are:
- (1) when both remains are available to CO: SIDO at the time, they may be for a read in the same transmission.
- (2) when one version has reviously been transmitted to SHAPE, the comflicting version should be cross referenced by CONSIDO.
- 5. Communications. Of MAIDE will supply the special character for COMINY dissemination operated by the AC of 5, 92, 0305A.
- 5. Inplementation.
- A. This directive scall be made effective upon agreement between USCIB and LCIB and COASIDO shall be placed in operation as soon thereafter as presticable.
- B. After CCHOICO is in operation, all U.S. or U.K.-produced CCHCINT other than U.S. or U.K. EYES CHIZ will be dispendented to SUNE through CCHCING Lordon. In addition, all such CCHCING which is supplied to SUNES from sources within the SUNES command area will also be supplied to CUNCIDO.
- COMMY appearant. construed as ecultravening any provisions of the U.S.-British The provinces of tense terms of reference shall not be
- D. The pattern of COYTENO small not recessarily be taken as a precedent for the dissemination of COMINY to commands in changed condition, for example in war."
- In addition to the terms of reference it was agreed that the integrated unit would be located at Grosvener Square. The British strongly in combined evaluation of COMINT for SHAPE the U.S. authorities considered it advisable to maintain the office at GREC, but in order to avoid becoming involved it devisable to maintain the office at Grosvenor Square (London) under U.S. furnishing and this location was agreed to by the British. Admiral Johnson, using the furnishing space in the Grosvenor square area for this office. The affice would operate under authority of UCHS and ISIS and when intrative control would be exercised by the U.S. army, G-2, in accordance with its interim responsibility as Executive Agent of SHAPE. Each side up.1d exercise operational control of his our permanent attached to the office. Minist Johnson,



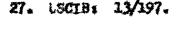
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(drief History of C.NSIDO)

d. All members of the deard agreed to the terms of reference as read, with the exception of General Askerman, USAF who stated that while he could perceive no serious objections thereto, he would like to defer the Air Force's decision until after General Cabell's return to Massington. On Sunday, 24 June 1951, General Askerman informed the USOID Jecretary of the Air Force's concurrence. On Fenday, 25 June, however, the Many and Air Force members withdress their approval pending consideration of the problem by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

10. Upposition of JCS:

- a. At the Sixth-sixth Heeting of uSCIB, held 13 July 1951, discussion of the terms of reference for SADQ was reintroduced. General Bolling stated that in view of recent developments he would prefer to withdraw his original recommendation concerning the establishment of the office to serve WIATE. Admiral Johnson, representing the Mayy, stated that his proposed message requesting space for the SIDO office in Grosvenor Equare and been the subject of very streamous objection on the part of his Chief, and that subsequent consideration of the project by the Operational Deputies to the Joint Chiefs of Staff (Lt. General C. L. Bolte, Vice Admiral D. B. Duncan, and Major General T. D. shite) had elicited similar objections, it being believed impossible to conceal such a bilateral arrangement from other signatories of NATO.
- b. Famed with this disapproval on the part of the JCS, the Board recalled with some embarrasement that it had already informed STAPE and JCHQ that USCIB agreed in principle with STAP and would now have to inform these deadquarters of its inability to implement the plan. It was apparent, nowever, that the JCS would not recognize such a bilateral agreement.
- e. An alternative proposal was made by General Cabell, under which the Air Force Commander in Europe would give THPE a combined opinion on air problems, the Ground Force Commander on ground problems, etc., but it was pointed out by the Chairman, General Smith, that General Eisenhover was operating at a level at which the non-military side was at least as important as the military side, if not more so, particularly since the command was not engaged actively in war. General Cabell's plan would therefore result in five or six channels going into F-AFs simultaneously.
- 11. U:CIB ad doc Committee appointed: After some discussion, it was agreed that the matter should be given to an id Hoc Committee with instructions that the plan be considered further and that recommendations be made to the Board. The Ad soc Committee appointed consisted of Lt. Col. R. G. Holton as



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TOP SEGMET

(Brief History of CON. IDO)

Chairman, Col. w. J. pavitt, and Communier R. L. Taylor. The Committee was instructed to draft a proposed message to General Gruenther, explaining to him the existing situation with regard to SIDO, and suggesting a course of action in view of the Board's inability to obtain concurrence in the proposed terms of reference for SIDO. This message was to be circulated among the members for consideration before dispatch. It was further agreed that the appropriate U.K. authorities would be informed of the inability of the U.S. to implement the SIDO proposel.

12. SACELR and OCAQ informed of decision: In apportance with the USCIB decision, a message was dispatched on it buly 1951. To the SACEUR informing him of the inaddity of USCIB to implement SINC. Appropriate U.K. authorities were also informed of the nature of the decision. The message is reproduced in full:

*SACEUR From UCCIB.

"The plan for establishment of a combined US-UK Special Intelligence Dissemination Office in London cannot be implemented by JSCIB pending JCC determination of policy concerning bilatoral arrangements within the NATO structure. Considerable opposition to the proposed arrangements has seen expressed by the "Operations Duty Chiefs of Staff."

"Until such time as the JCS policy has been determined, uS recipients in SHPE and General Airey will continue to receive COMINT through the un Army SSC, Paris.

*In view of the expressed opposition to an integrated CCHIVF service, JSCIB suggests you reconsider your expections to the previous proposal that the British national facilities SPA'F to provide British COHIT to SACEUR and British recipients at JAFE.

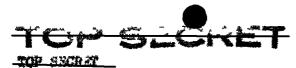
Pending your decision on the above suggestion, as a further measure to assure best possible interim solution, Army SSA London will transmit such CCHI'T as writish desire to send SaChak over /rmy 380 system to SSC Paris.

13. Informal arrangements vetablished:

a. It too Sixty-minth Meeting of . Clb, held li September 1951?

28. LSCIB: 14/147.

29. LSCIB: 14/156.



(Brief History of CONSIDO)

Lt. Col. kelten, who had been ment to Paris and London to confer with senior recipients at SMARE and British authorities at MMM in regard to the u.S. position on SIM, reported to the numbers that he had informed the British authorities that the U.C. was prepared to proceed, on a highly informal basis, with implementation of the principle of the combined dissemination arrangements originally proposed. Lilli authorities, be said, were receptive to the plan outlined and as a result the British decided to provide one civilian qualified in intelligence and one secretary, while the J.S. personnel would consist, ultimately, of one colonel and one saptein. Physical space for this personnel had been made available by RADM Score, Chief of Staff to COMMATEASTLANIMED.

b. Following Col. Horton's report, 45018 agreed to approve informal arrangements with British authorities for the servicing of Ceneral Elsenhower with COMINY, and to inform the Director, CORN of this decision. This was done by memorandum 25 September 1951. JO

c. At the Seventieth Meeting of UCCIO, held 12 October 1951.31 General Smith reported that the informal arrangements for servicing appeared to be very satisfactory. I se item was dropped from the agerda.

> WILLIAM F. FRIEDMAN Consultant

28 February 1952

^{30.} Remorandum for the Senior British Lisi on Officer, Jeshington, so ject: Pissemination of CVMIT to british 'ersonnel at Wik E, dated 25 Septemper 1951.

^{31.} SCTB: 11/152.

THLIG

1949

SUBJECT: Maximum Exploitation of COMINT.

1. The Problem: To examine present US COMINT exploitation and dissemination in order to determine a method which will provide full exploitation of this source with the maximum efficiency, security, tireliness, and economy.

EO 3.3(h)(2)

2. Facts Bearing on the Problem:

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

- a. The U.S. annually expends approximately \$35,000,000 for the technical production of COMINT raw material. It has roughly a \$48,000,000 plant investment in the facilities of ASA and CSAN.
- b. Each of the members of USCIS maintains a COMINT evaluating and disseminating unit. For the most part, the work of these five units is not coordinated and, to date, there has not been produced an integrated, comprehensive, COMINT estimate covering any given subject from the point of view of total U.S. intelligence requirements. Under the present arrangement, there is no provision for the timely application of total COMINT to the intelligence requirements of the National Security Council or the policy planners of the departments or agency represented on USCIS.

3. Disquesion:

- a. The unique and wital nature of CONINT and the cost of CONINT production dictate that arrangements be established which insure maximum exploitation of this source. The present arrangements for the evaluation and dissemination of CONINT preclude such exploitation. They are not efficient, not secure, and not economical, and, moreover, they fail to insure timely dissemination of intelligence.
- (1) Efficiency: The five COMINT evaluation units produce and disseminate a number of publications covering fields of primary interest to their respective departments—e.g., the MILITARY DIGEST (Army); the SOVIET INTELLIGENCE SUMMARY (Nevy); the DIPLOMATIC SUMMARY (produced largely by State under the authority of USCIB); ORDER OF BATTLE (Army, Mavy, Air); and special studies (all departments). These publications contain evaluated

TOP SECRETARY

COMINT on various subjects. Occasionally, the same raw material --- evaluated from the point of view of the department or agency involved --- is used as the basis for reports from two or more of the units. To date, there has not been produced an integrated COMINT estimate covering any given subject from the point of view of total U.S. intelligence requirements.

under the present arrangements, sould a combined estimate be produced with sufficient speed to make such an undertaking practicable, and policy level recipients of COMINT reserve a variety of CLINT reports, which may duplicate or conflict with, one enother, and which the reader himself must synthesise. In addition to its separation from other COMINT units, each of the five evaluating units functions more or less apart from the general intelligence units within its department or agency and, of course, from the general intelligence units of the other departments or agency. Such arrangements, although necessary for COMINT security under present concitions, inhibit rapid, direct application of collateral intelligence to COMINT and militate against the timely production of total intelligence on a given subject both within and among the USCIB members.

- (2) Timeliness: Clearly, the value of all intelligence depends to a large extent on its timeliness. This is particularly true in the case of COMINT. A sessage indicating impending attack disseminated after the fact is of academic interest only. Under the present arrangements, however, the inevitable time-lag resulting from the separation of the five evaluating units from each other, and of each of them from one or both of the cryptanalytic processing agencies, effectively reduces the chances of receiving such a message before it is too late to act. (It is assumed as a strong probability that no single message will contain positive, self-evident indication of hostile intent—without evaluation on the basis of ether information evaluable at one or all of the intelligence units.) In addition, the separation of evaluating and processing units makes impossible the timely preparation of basic COMINT studies on subjects of joint interest and the maintenance of such studies at a current date level.
- (3) <u>Requrity</u>: The distribution of COMINT raw material to five intelligence units in Washington presents an obvious physical security hasard. The separation of these units from the processing agencies requires the publication of individual message texts, notated so as to reveal the cryptographic system in which they were sent and the radio circuits from which they were intercepted—a practice which reveals the core of US COMINT operations: specific status of cryptamalytic attack.



EO 3.3(h)(2) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

GLINI



- (4) Egopony: The existence of five COMINT evaluating units results in excessive expenditures for personnel and equipment and considerable duplication of effert. This duplication of effert results in a dissipation of the limited, available, qualified manpewer and adversely affects the quality and quantity of COMINT produced. In addition, it creates the need for publishing many copies of the COMINT raw material, for an extensive courier service, for several files of the same material, and for the publication by the processing agencies of many items which could have been discarded at the first stage of processing if an evaluating group had been close at hand to guide the work of the technicians.
- b. The establishment of a single COMDAT evaluating and disseminating unit, to be located preferably at the eryptanelytic processing agency (assuming approval of proposed Directive establishing Armed Forces Security Agency), would eliminate the disadvantages described above, and would permit better, and possibly maximum exploitation of COMDAT. The contrast between the situation resulting from the present arrangements and that which would result from the establishment of a single unit for evaluation and dissemination is demonstrated by examining the same elements as were discussed in paragraph a above.

(1) Efficience:

- (a) Such an arrangement would provide, at the very least, the physical conditions necessary for collaboration enough the COMING evaluating personnel of the USCIB members.
- (b) Basic COMINT evaluation would be improved, for the following reasons:
- (i) The raw material would be evaluated at its source--an optimum condition for accurate intelligence production.
- (ii) Integration of other source intelligence with CONIET would be facilitated. The processing agency, for eryptanalytic purposes, must saintein central files of intelligence reports from all sources. The single evaluating unit, through the collateral files of the processing agency, would have direct access to the material from other intelligence sources now separately held by each of the five USCIB members.
- (iii) Exploitation of CONINT in the fields of primary interest to each of the USCIB members would be improved by the proximity of evaluators to translators and traffic analysts.



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- (c) COMINT operations as a whole would be improved. The quick and unimpeded exphange of new ideas, new developments, and new intelligence or technical requirements would greatly increase the efficiency of both technical and evaluating personnel.
- (d) Finished GLAWI intelligence would be available for dissemination to policy-level recipients in a form designed to meet their needs—i.e., they would receive total COMINI on a given subject, in one synthesized report.

(2) Timeliness:

- (a) The proximity of evaluating personnel to technical personnel would permit discarding of unimportant material at the earliest stages of cryptannlysis and, in so reducing the mass of material fully processed, would expedite the processing of vital material.
- (b) Masic intelligence studies of joint interest to all songurers could be expeditiously initiated and currently maintained.
- (c) Elimination of the publication and delivery of many copies of CONINT raw material would substantially reduce the time lag between message solution and evaluation.

(3) Security:

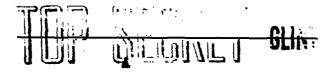
- (a) The dissemination of COMIMT raw material outside the processing agencies would be reduced to a minimum.
- (b) Knowledge of the degree of specific cryptanalytic success could more easily be limited to working personnel with the need to know and, in the case of evaluating personnel, confined to one installation.

(4) Keepongs

- (a) Distard of unimportant material at earliest stages of cryptanelytic processing would reduce the total cost of intelligence produced in relationship to total material processed.
 - (b) Publication costs would be materially reduced.
- (e) Duplication of intelligence files, with its attendant uneconomical use of limited space and personnel, and unnecessary duplication of effort at the evaluation level would be eliminated.

4. Conclusions:

a. A central CONDMT unit should be established at the cryptanalytic





processing agency, with the responsibility for producing all intelligence based on C:MINT and disseminating all such intelligence to U.S. government personnel authorised to receive it.

b. Each of the five USCIB member departments or agency should contribute personnel to this center. Buch personnel should perform the dual function of producing total intelligence for the Mational Security Council and intelligence of primary interest to their respective departments or agency.

- o. Upon the establishment of the central unit, all existing COMINT evaluating units of the five USCIB senters should be dissolved.
 - 5. Recommendations: It is recommended that:
- a. A central CONINT evaluating unit be set up at the cryptanalytic processing agency.
- b. This unit be responsible for the production of all intelligence based on COMINT and for the publication and dissemination of all such intelligence to U.S. government personnel authorised to receive it.
- d. Each of the five USCIB member departments or agency contribute personnel to this center, such personnel to be administratively subordinate to their respective departments or agency and operationally subordinate to the Director of the Araed Forces Security Agency, and to have the dual responsibility of producing total intelligence for the Matieuml Security Council and intelligence of primary interest to their respective departments or agency.
- d. Upon the establishment of the central unit, all existing COMINT evaluating units of the five USCIB numbers be discoved.



25 April 1949

TO:

Director of Intelligence, GSUSA

SUBJECT: Proposed Memorandum for Chairman, USCIB, subject: Maximum Exploitation of COMINT.

- 1. Subject memorandum, submitted by Chief, ASA, recommends that:
- a. A central COMINT evaluating unit be set up at one of the oryptanalytic processing agencies.
- b. This unit be responsible for the production of all intelligence based on COMINT and for the publication and dissemination of all such intelligence to U.S. government personnel authorised to receive it.
- c. Each USCIB member contribute personnel to this center, such personnel to be administratively subordinate to their respective departments and operationally subordinate to the chief of the technical agency and to have the dual responsibility of producing total intelligence for the Mational Security Council and intelligence of primary interest to their respective departments.
- d. That, upon the establishment of the central unit, all existing COMINT evaluating units of the five USCIB member; be dissolved.
- 2. Attached to the subject memorandum is a staff study which discusses the inadequacies of the present methods of handling COMINT evaluation and dissemination and the advantages of the method recommended. It is obvious that, under the present system, maximum exploitation of COMINT cannot be achieved and that, in theory, the recommendations made in the subject memorandum would provide a means of achieving full exploitation of this source. If submitted to USCIB, however, the following alternative results could be expected:
- a. The recommendations would be rejected, with Navy and Air Force opposed on the grounds that such a proposal would preclude the operational control necessary to satisfy their intelligence requirements.

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- b. The recommendations would be accepted in principle by USCIB. In this case, the ultimate recommendations forwarded to the Sational Security Council would probably take the following form:
- (1) That a central evaluating and disseminating unit be established under the authority and direction of CIA.
- (ii) That, since a COMINT evaluating and disseminating unit of ONI is already in operation at CSAW, this central unit be located at CSAW.

Moreover, if the recommendations of the subject memorandum were accepted by USCIB, they might lead to a further recommendation that full responsibility for COMINT processing, evaluation and dissemination be given to CIA.

- 3. Without reference to the possible effect of the subject memorandum on USCIB, the recommendations of that memorandum appear to be objectionable to the Department of the Army and the Mational Military Establishment on the following grounds:
- a. A single department within the Mational Military Establishment would have operational control of all COMINT evaluation and dissemination at the Washington level; and ultimate control would be in the hands of a board which includes non-military members and is responsible to the Mational Security Council.
- b. The recommendations state that personnel of the central evaluating and disseminating unit would be responsible for producing intelligence of primary interest to their respective departments. No provision is made, however, for direction or control by these departments of the production and dissemination of such intelligence.
- o. The recommendations state that personnel of the central unit would be responsible for producing total intelligence for the Mational Security Council. The total intelligence requirements of the Joint Chiefs of Staff are not mentioned and, under the organization as recommended, the Joint Chiefs would have no means of directing and controlling the production and dissemination of such intelligence.
- d. The recommendations are made on the assumption that two (or, eventually, three) cryptanalytic processing agencies will continue in existence. In this case, the location of the central unit at one of the technical agencies would only partially satisfy the requirements for maximum exploitation of COMINT as

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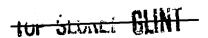
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outlined in the staff study. Moreover, the reasons which lead to the conclusions on which the recommendations are based lead also to the conclusion that a unified Armed Forces Security Agency should be established.

- 4. Assuming that a unified Armed Forces Security Agency is established, the recommendations made in the subject memorandum could be applied within the National Military Establishment, as follows:
- a. A central COMINT evaluating and disseminating unit could be established at the Armed Forces Security Agency, composed of personnel contributed by the Army, Navy, and Air Force, and operationally subordinate to the Chief, AFSA (who, in turn, would be subordinate to the Joint Chiefs of Staff).
- The personnel contributed to the center by the three services could have the dual responsibility of producing intelligence for the Joint Chiefs of Staff and intelligence of primary interest to their respective services. Such an arrangement would provide the National Military Establishment and the Joint Chiefs of Staff with that portion of total intelligence based on COMINT which has been allocated to the National Military Establishment under the NIS. It would not provide the means for integrating those fields of intelligence which are currently allocated to the State Department and CIA with the intelligence produced by the AFSA unit. However, upon the establishment of a central COMINT evaluating and disseminating unit within the National Military Establishment, the State Department and CIA could be invited to contribute personnel to the central unit. The full advantages outlined in the staff study attached to the subject memorandum would thus be achieved without the danger of loss of operational control by the National Military Establishmen %.

5. It is recommended that:

- s. The subject memorandum not be submitted to the Chairman, USCIB.
- b. The attached memorandum, subject: Maximum Exploitation of Communication Intelligence within the National Military Establishment, be submitted to the Chief of Staff, with the recommendation that it be forwarded to the Secretary of Defense for consideration in conjunction with the report of the Stone Board.



MEMORANDUM FOR THE CHIEF OF STAFF:

SUBJECT: Maximum Exploitation of Communication Intelligence within the National Military Establishment.

- l. The Intelligence agencies of the three service departments are presently engaged in the production of intelligence based on COMINT in their respective fields of primary interest and in the several fields in which all services have a common interest. Under this arrangement, the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Secretary of National Defense are not provided with total intelligence derivable from COMINT.
- 2. A study has been prepared by ID, GSUSA, which examines present COMINT exploitation and dissemination by the three services for the purpose of determining a method which will insure full exploitation of this source with maximum efficiency, security, timeliness, and economy, and which will provide each department with all essential COMINT required for its own needs. The study demonstrates the close relationship between the production and the evaluation of COMINT and concludes that maximum exploitation of COMINT requires changes in present arrangements within the NME, not only for evaluating and disseminating, but also for cryptanalytic processing of COMINT. One of the recommendations made in this study is that a unified Armed Forces Security Agency be established. This has been recommended by the Department of the Army in the Study of Joint Organizations for the Production of Communication Intelligence, determined to this recommendation in the attached staff study are in addition to those given in the study of 30 Dec 48, which considered the COMINT problem only through the stage of cryptanalytic processing. The full recommendations of the staff study are as follows:
- a. That a unified Armed Forces Security Agency be established.
- b. That a central COMINT evaluating unit be set up at the AFSA,
- c. That this unit be responsible for the production of intelligence based on COMINT and for the publication and dissemination of such intelligence for the NME.

- d. That each of the three services contribute personnel to this center, such personnel to be operationally subordinate to the Chief. AFSA, and to have the dual responsibility of producing intelligence for the JCS and intelligence of primary interest to their respective services.
 - 7. If these recommendations were adopted, the COMINT requirements of the services and of the JCS could be met. The further step of integrating political and economic with military intelligence could then be achieved by inviting the remaining members of the United States Communication Intelligence Board -- State Department and CIA -- to contribute personnel to the central evaluating unit at AFSA.
 - 4. It is recommended that this staff study be forwarded to the Secretary of Defense for consideration in conjunction with the study of Joint Organisations for the Production of Communication Intelligence.

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EO 3.3(h)(2) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

MAXIMUM EXPLOITATION OF COMINT WITHIN THE NATIONAL MILITARY

ESTABLISHMENT

1. The Problem: To examine present COMINT exploitation and dissemination within the NNR in order to determine a method which will provide full exploitation of this source with the maximum efficiency, security, timeliness, and economy.

2. Facts Bearing on the Problem:

- a. The NME annually expends approximately \$35,000,000 for the technical production of COMINT raw material. It has roughly a \$48,000,000 plant investment in the facilities of ASA and CSAW. The establishment of a third technical agency by the Air Porce is imminent.
- b. Each of the departments of the NMB maintains a COMINT evaluating and disseminating unit. For the most part, the work of these three units is not coordinated and, to date, there has not been produced an integrated, comprehensive, COMINT estimate covering any given subject from the point of view of total JCS intelligence requirements. Under the present arrangement, there is no provision for the timely application of total COMINT to the intelligence requirements of the JCS or the policy planners of the three services.

3. Discussion

- a. The unique and vital nature of COMINT and the cost of COMINT production dictate that arrangements be established which insure maximum exploitation of this source. The present arrangements for the evaluation and dissemination of COMINT within the NMR preclude such exploitation. They are not efficient, not secure, and not economical, and moreover, they fail to insure timely dissemination of intelligence.
- (1) Efficiency: The three COMINT evaluation units produce and disseminate a number of publications covering fields of primary interest to their respective services—e.g., the MILITARY DIGEST (Army); the SOVIET INTELLIGENCE SUSMARY (Navy); ORDER OF BATTLE (Army, Navy, Air); and special studies (all services). These publications contain evaluated COMINT on various subjects. Occasionally, the same ray material—evaluated

from the point of view of the service involved -- is used as the basis for reports from two or more of the units. To date, there has not been preduced an integrated COMINT estimate covering any given subject from the point of view of total intelligence requirements of the JUS.

arrangements, could a combined estimate be produced with sufficient speed to make such an undertaking practicable. Policy level recipients of COMINT receive a variety of GLINT reports, which may duplicate, or conflict with, one another, and which the recipients themselves must synthesize. In addition to its separation from other COMINT units, each of the three evaluating units functions more or less apart from the general intelligence units within its service and, of course, from the general intelligence units of the other services. Such arrangements, although necessary for COMINT security under present conditions, inhibit rapid, direct application of collateral intelligence to COMINT and militate against the timely production of total intelligence on a given subject both within and among the services.

- gence depends to a large extent on its timeliness. This is particularly true in the case of COMINT. A message indicating impending attack disseminated after the fact is of academic interest only. Under the present arrangements, however, the inevitable time-lag resulting from the separation of the three evaluating units from each other, and of each of them from one or both of the technical agencies, effectively reduces the chances of receiving such a message before it is too late to act. (It is assumed as a strong probability that no single message will contain positive, self-evident indication of hostile intent-vithout evaluation on the basis of other information available at one or all of the intelligence units.) In addition, the separation of evaluating and technical units makes impossible the timely preparation of basic COMINT studies on subjects of joint interest and the maintenance of such studies at a current date level.
- material to the intelligence units of the services and to the COMINT units of State Department and CIA presents an obvious physical security hasard. The separation of these units from the technical agencies requires the publication of individual message texts, notated so as to reveal the cryptographic system in which they were sent and the radio circuits from which they were intercepted—a practice which reveals the core of US COMINT operations: specific status of cryptanalytic attack. The

- evaluating unite within the NME results in excessive expenditures for personnel and equipment and considerable duplication of effort. Dissipation of the limited, available, qualified manpower adversely affects the quality and quantity of COMINT produced. In addition, the existence of several, separate evaluating units creates the need for publishing many copies of the COMINT raw material, for an extensive courier service, for several files of the same material, and for the publication by the technical agencies of many items which could have been discarded at the first stage of processing if an evaluating group had been close at hand to guide the work of the technicians.
- b. The establishment of a unified Armed Forces Security Agency (as recommended by the Department of the Army in the Study of Joint Organizations for the Production of Communication Intelligence, dated 50 Dec 48), and of a single COMINT evaluating and disseminating unit at that agency, would eliminate the disadvantages described above and would permit maximum exploitation of COMINT within the NME.

(1) Rfficiency:

- (a) Such an arrangement would provide, at the very least, the physical conditions necessary for collaboration among the COMINT evaluating personnel of the MRE.
- (b) Basic COMINT evaluation would be improved, for the following reasons:
- (i) The raw material would be evaluated at its source-an optimum condition for accurate intelligence production.
- (ii) Integration of other source intelligence with COMINT would be facilitated. The technical agency, for cryptanalytic purposes, must maintain central files of intelligence reports from all sources. The single evaluating unit, through the collateral files of the technical agency, would have direct access to the material from other intelligence sources now separately held by each of the three services.
- (iii) Exploitation of CONINT in the fields of primary interest to each of the services would be improved by the proximity of evaluators to translators and traffic analysts.
- (c) COMINT operations as a whole would be improved. The quick and unimpeded exchange of new ideas, new developments, and new intelligence or technical requirements would greatly increase the efficiency of both technical and evaluating personnel.

(d) Finished-GLENT intelligence would be available for dissemination to policy level recipients in a form designed to meet their needs—i.e., they would receive total COMIST on a given subject, in one synthesized report.

(2) Timeliness

- (a) The proximity of evaluating personnel to technical personnel would permit discarding of unimportant material at the earliest stages of cryptenalysis and, in so reducing the mass of material fully processed, would expedite the processing of vital material.
- (b) Basic intelligence studies of joint interest to all consumers could be expeditiously initiated and currently maintained.
- (c) Mimination of the publication and delivery of many copies of COMINT raw material would substantially reduce the time-lag between message solution and evaluation.

(3) Security:

- (a) The dissemination of COMINT ray material outside the AFSA would be reduced to a minimum.
- (b) Enowledge of the degree of specific cryptanalytic success could more easily be limited to working personnel with the need to know, and, in the case of evaluating personnel of the NNE, confined to one installation.

(4) Roonomy:

- (a) Discard of unimportant material at earliest stages of cryptanalytic processing would reduce the total cost of intelligence produced in relationship to total material processed.
- (b) Publication costs would be materially reduced.
- (c) Duplication of intelligence files, with its attendant uneconomical use of limited space and personnel, and unnecessary duplication of effort at the technical and evaluation levels, would be eliminated.

4. Conclusions:

a. A unified Armed Forces Security Agency should be established.

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- b. A central COMINT unit should be established at the AFSA, with the responsibility for producing intelligence based on COMINT and disseminating such intelligence for the NMB.
- c. Each of the three services should contribute personnel to this center. Such personnel, under the direction of the Chief, APSA, should perform the dual function of producing intelligence for the JCS and intelligence of primary interest to their respective services.
 - 5. Recommondations: It is recommended that:
 - a. A unified Armed Forces Security Agency be established.
- b. A central COMINT evaluating unit be set up at the AFSA.
- c. This unit be responsible for the production of intelligence based on COMINT and for the publication and dissemination of such intelligence for the NME.
- d. Each of the three services contribute personnel to this center, such personnel to be operationally subordinate to the Chief, AFSA, and to have the dual responsibility of producing intelligence for the JCS and intelligence of primary interest to their respective services.

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MEMORAMOUM FOR: General Memorney

SUBJECT: Establishment of a Single Communication Intelligence Evaluation and Dissemination Center

- l. There was recently submitted to you a draft of a proposed Consolidation Directive having as its aim the integration of all cryptologic activities of the Armed Forces, including those connected with the security of our own communications as well as those devoted to the interception and eryptamalytic processing of foreign communications. If that directive is adopted, it is believed that a great step forward will have been taken in the overall efficiency of those activities.
- The present memorandum deals with a phase of communication intelligence activities not covered in the above-mentioned directive and perhaps of equal importance with integration of interception and dryptanalytic processing of foreign communications. It is obvious that maximum benefit from all the effort and funds devoted to these two expensive operations will be obtained only if there is maximum efficiency in the emploitation of the fruits thereof. The exploitation involves, as preliminary steps, the evaluation, publication, and dissemination of the results of eryptanalytic processing. As you are no doubt well aware, the latter three steps have for a long time been regarded strictly as intelligence activities which must be conducted within and under the direct supervision of the Intelligence organizations of the respective Services, a thesis with which I am generally in agreement. Movever, these Intelligence organizations now function independently, with separate staffs and plant facilities, and therefore, although they are provided with or have access to all the data which we call COVIET raw material (that is, the final translations of colved messages resulting from cryptanalytic processing), the evaluation, publication, and dissemination operations are conducted independently and separately by those organisations. There is some limited coordination, it is true, but that cannot be as efficient as unified direction. In fact, the present situation not only results in unnecessary duplication in certain types of studies, with occasional inconsistencies in final results, but also disperses the W.S. effort so that certain types of studies cannot be made because of lack of personnel and facilities.
- 3. a. Another element in the picture serves to complicate the situation. The respective Intelligence organisations of the Armed Forces sust necessarily have close relations with the Department of State and the Gentral Intelligence Agency. The United States Communication Intelligence

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Board (USCIB), an organisation under the jurisdiction of the National Security Council, was established by the MSC in its Directive No. 9 (Inclosure 1, par. 1), "to effect the authoritative coordination of Communications Intelligence activities of the Covernment and to advise the Director of Gentral Intelligence in those matters in the field of Communications Intelligence for which he is responsible. The NAC Directive No. 9 (Par. 2) also fixed the composition of the Soard to consist "of not to exmend two members from each of the following Departments or Agencies: The Departments of State, the Army, the Havy, and the Air Force, and the Central Intelligence Agency". Commonant with the definition of "Communications Intelligence activities", given in Par. 120 of MSC Directive No. 9, the opportunition mentioned above includes that of goordinating the evaluation, publication, and dissemination of communication intelligence. Now Par. 4 of the MSD Directive states that *Decisions of the Board will be based on the principle of unanimity* and Par. 10 of the Directive states that "The Board shall leave the internal administration and operation of Communications Intelligence activities to the member Departments or Agencies. Hence, as is inherent in the nature of a Board such as the feregoing, which has only coordinating functions, no suthority to implement its decisions, and is composed of members responsible to separate agencies sometimes having conflicting sime, ideas, and opinions, its efficacy, even in the matter of goordingtion, is questionable.

- b. The accompanying Inclosure 2 is a study dealing specifically and solely with the present situation as regards evaluation, publication, and dissemination of communication intelligence, giving a quite succinct picture of the defects therein and presenting certain recommendations for its improvement.
- o. Based upon the recommendations embodied in Inclosure 2, a proposed Consolidation Directive has been drafted for your consideration, and is presented herewith as Inclosure 3. A few words of explanation of certain features thereof may be in order.
- 4. a. First of all, the classification given the proposed Directive is accessitated by the clear implication that we are now deriving intelligence from foreign communications, a fact which must be kept quite well hidden to prevent countermeasures that might dry up this type of intelligence at its sources. The chassification TOP SECRET GLIET has therefore been applied to the Directive in accordance with current applicable regulations.
- b. Arising from the necessity of affording ample security protection to the activities covered by the proposed Directive, but because some



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name must be given to the contemplated contralised office for purposes of reference and designation in correspondence, etc., the rather immodulus designation indicated in Par. 1b thereof is suggested. Also, for reasons presently to be given, the prefatory qualifying adjective "Convolidated" rather than "Armed Forces" has been employed.

- e. Referring to Par. Se, it is obvious that a Directive signed by the Secretary of Pefense cannot be binding upon organisations outside the MME, and therefore the wording "are cordially invited to participate" is employed in the present draft in referring to participation by the Department of State and the Central Intelligence Agency. But it is suggested that should preliminary negotiations with the Secretary of State and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency be successful in gaining their acceptance of the thesis upon which the proposed Directive is based, the quoted phrase would be replaced simply by the words "will participate" or "may participate"; also, the introductory clause of Far. Sb, "If the foregoing invitation is accepted", would be deleted.
- d. Referring to Par. 9a, it is deemed essential to locate the contemplated central evaluation, publication, and dissemination office at a gryptanalytic processing center in the Washington area because of the better technical efficiency that will accrue to both categories of operations involved. This point is explained in Par. 3b of Inclosure 2.
- e. Referring to Par. 9b, it is deemed advisable to make it clear that the central dissemination office must be ready to meet an emergency dissemination situation at any moment, and in order to be in a position to do so the means and facilities therefor will have to be provided for in budgetary arrangements.
- I. Referring to Par. Ile, it is desired essential to the security of our communication intelligence activities, techniques, and operations themselves to eliminate at the earliest possible moment the present rather wide distribution of the texts of solved and translated messages, now unswoidable because the currently decentralised operations of evaluation, publication, and dissemination make it necessary to distribute copies of translated texts to the five organizations separately engaged in conducting those operations. It is realized that imposition of a prohibition against routine dissemination, a measure which is necessary for security reasons, may meet with stremous objections from the Department of State and from the Central Intelligence Agency should these two organizations be unwilling to subscribe to the proposed Directive, but at the same time, firances and insistence on this point by the Armed Forces, which are the producers of the basic material, may have the desired personsies effect on those two organizations to join with us in establishing the single central office



forming the subject of this paper, to the ultimate advantage of all the agencies involved. Should this come to pass the adjective "Consolidated", would be particularly applicable as part of the designation of the sentralized office.

- g. It will be noted that the Directive provides that the chief of the central dissemination and evaluation agency is subordinated to the Director, Armed Forces Security Agency. This is considered essential if the consolidated agency is situated at the cryptanalytic center, Armed Forces Security Agency. To do otherwise would violate a fundamental principle of command. If, however, this consolidated agency is located in the Pentagon or elsewhere, Paragraphs 2s and 2b of the Directive might read as follows:
 - "2. a. The office of the CONSIDO serving the Eq. RME will operate under the general supervision of the Director, Joint Chiefs of Staff and will be designated as CONSIDO-WASHINGTON.

b. The Chief, Joint Intelligence Group, under the general direction of the Joint Intelligence Committee will serve also as Chief, CONSIDO-MASHINGTON, and for the purpose of assisting him in executing his functions in the latter capacity he will have a deputy from each of the Services other than the one to which he belongs."

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CARTER W. CLARKE Colonel, Signal Corps Chief, Army Security Agency



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OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

Washington

	(Date)
Consolidation Directive No.	
MEMORANDUM FOR:	

SUBJECT: Establishment of a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, MME.

- l. a. In order to improve efficiency and economy in the evaluation, publication, and dissemination of communication intelligence, and with a view to giving better security protection to the sources of such intelligence, a single consolidated office for the evaluation, publication, and dissemination of all intelligence based upon COMINT raw material* resulting from the operations of the Armed Forces Security Agency will be established at the Readquarters of the National Wilitary Establishment in Mashington. Similar offices may be established in Overseas Theaters at the Readquarters of any Joint Command at or within which COMINT raw material is produced locally by the Armed Forces Security Agency branch office within said Theater or Joint Command.
- b. For purposes of cover, a consolidated office performing the above-mentioned functions will be designated as a <u>GOM</u>solidated <u>Special</u> <u>Information Dissemination Office</u>, abbreviated as COMSIDO.
- 2. a. The office of the COMBIDO serving the Mq, MME will operate under the general supervision and operational control of the Director, Armed Forces Security Igency and will be designated as COMBIDO-WASHINGTON.
- b. The Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON will be appointed by the Joint Intelligence Committee. As provided in Paragraph 2a above, he will operate under the general supervision and operational control of the Director, Armed Forces Security Agency. For the purpose of assisting him in executing his functions in producing communication intelligence he will have a deputy from each of the Services.
 - c. The chief of a COMSIDO serving a Joint Command will be appointed

Wefined as the published English versions of decrypted messages.



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by the Commander thereof, but in view of the close technical relations which must exist between CONSIDO-WASHIMMON and similar offices operating for Joint Commands, such appointments will be subject to the approval of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

- 3. a. The Chief, GONSIDO-WASHINGFON will be responsible for the production of communication intelligence based upon COMINT raw material furnished by the styptamelytic processing agency of RME in the Hashington area and for the publication and dissemination of such intelligence to agencies authorised to receive it.
- b. The Chief of a CONSIDO outside Washington will be responsible for the production of communication intelligence based upon COMINT rew material furnished by the local cryptanalytic processing center and for the publication and dissemination of such intelligence to the local command, and to other local agencies as authorised by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- 4. Referring specifically to COMSIDO-WASHINGTON, the respective Secretaries of the three Service Departments are hereby authorised and directed to transfer to the control of the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON such facilities, equipment, records, and files as are now employed by their agencies in the Washington area for the evaluation of COMINT raw material and for the publication and dissemination of the resultant communication intelligence.
- 5. a. Military and civilian personnel will be detailed to CONSIDO-WASHINGTON by the respective Services in quotas as requested by the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON and as approved by the Secretaries of the respective Departments concerned.
- b. As a matter of policy, officer personnel will be detailed to such duty for a period of not less than thirty (30) months, and civilian personnel, for indefinite periods, reserving, however, to each Department, after appropriate notification to the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, the right to withdraw, add to, or substitute.
- 6. Military and civilian personnel detailed to CONSIDO-WASHINGTON will be operationally subordinate to the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON and administratively subordinate to the respective Departments from which they have been detailed. The administration will be exercised through the Senior Officer detailed from each Service to CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, which officer will report, as appropriate, to the Chief of Staff of the Army, or to the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, or to the Chief of Mayal Operations for additional duty for this purpose. In addition to their other duties, the Senior Officers from each Service will be responsible for normal and routine inspection of their Service components in CONSIDO-WASHINGTON in accordance with current directives and policies respectively promulgated by the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, or by the

Chief of Mayel Operations. In addition, inspection or investigation of the respective individual Service components may be made by the corresponding Service representatives when so directed by competent authority, the Chief, COMSIDO-WASHINGTON being notified in each instance.

- 7. a. The specific responsibilities of COMSIDO-WASHINGTON are as follows:
- (1) To produce communication intelligence from COMINT raw material and to fuse such intelligence with pertinent collateral information received from other sources.
- (2) To publish and disseminate such intelligence to the JCS, to the three Services, and to other U.S. agencies as authorised and directed by the JCS.
- (3) To prepare susmaries, studies and reports based upon such intelligence.
- (4) To disseminate to appropriate agencies in the Washington area communication intelligence requived from a field cryptanalytic processing center, or from a Theater CORSIDO, or from a non-U.S. COMING center with which occuparation has been authorised.
- (5) To maintain close limison with the JOS and the Intelligence Divisions of the respective Services in all matters involving the dissemination of such intelligence and the establishment of priorities therein, as well as those involving procurement of colleteral information from U.S. sources.
- (6) To execute policies established by the JCS for the exchange of such intelligence with non-U.S. COMINT agencies.
- (7) To exercise general supervision over the special system for the electrical transmission of such intelligence to Theater Commanders and to furnish the texts of such material for transmission, according to priorities determined by the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINOTON.
- (5) To supply to the cryptanalytic processing agency pertinent technical and collateral information which may be developed in the course of evaluation and which may be of assistance in gathering and processing COMIMT raw material.
- (9) To exercise general supervision over the security of publication and dissemination procedures, under regulations established by the JCS.
 - (10) To maintain all appropriate files and records.



- b. The responsibilities of a GCESIDO serving a Joint Command will in general be similar to those outlined in sub-paragraph a above. Its principal responsibility is (1) to evaluate, publish, and disseminate communication intelligence based upon CCMINT raw material furnished by the local cryptanelytic processing agency, and (2) to disseminate to appropriate agencies within the Thanter, as authorized by the JCS, such communication intelligence as is forwarded by CONSIDO-WASHINGTON.
- 8. a. The Secretary of State and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency are cordially invited to participate in the work of CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, by contributing available personnel, facilities, equipment, and files thereto and as appropriate to their respective needs, subject to approval of the JCS.
- b. If the foregoing invitation is accepted, the personnel furnished by the Department of State and/or the Central Intelligence Agency will be operationally subordinate to the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, and administratively subordinate respectively to the Department and/or to the Agency by which they have been furnished. The administration will be exercised through the Senior Representative from the Department of State and/or from the Central Intelligence Agency for their respective personnel quotas.
- c. The Senior Representative from the Department of State and/or the Senior Representative from the Central Intelligence Agency may serve as Peputy Chiefs of CONSIDO-MASKINGTON, with responsibilities similar to those of the Deputy Chiefs from the Armed Services.
- 9. a. The physical location of CONSIDO-WASHINGTON will be at the BME cryptanalytic processing center in the Bashington area.
- b. CONSIDO-MASHINGTON will operate on a continuous basis, 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
- 10. This Directive will become effective on or before 1 July 1949. Thereafter, no units of the NME in the Washington area other than COMSIDO-WASHINGTON will engage in evaluating, publishing and disseminating communication intelligence and all COMINT evaluation, publication, and dissemination units other than COMSIDO-WASHINGTON will be abolished as soon thereafter as practicable.
- 11. a. With a view to eliminating existing security hazards, on and after 1 July 1949 no cryptanalytic processing center of the MIS will disseminate as a routine matter to any U.S. Agency or personnel not operationally employed within such a center any COMINT raw materal. However,



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when appropriate and as determined in each instance by the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON or by the Chief of a Theater CONSIDO, a copy of a specific decrypt may be furnished to a U.S. Agency or to U.S. personnel, but only on the basis that the possession of such a decrypt is operationally essential.

b. The foregoing prohibition will not apply to the dissemination of COMINT raw material to cooperating COMINT centers with which exchange of such material has been authorised.

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ENCLOSURE "B"

THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE Fashington

19 May 1949

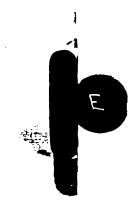
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MEMORANDUM FOR THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

SUBJECT:

Maximum Exploitation of COMINT

- 1. I am considering a further step to increase the efficiency and economy of NKE communications intelligence activities by the establishment of a consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office.
- 2. Floans let me have your comments and recommendations with respect to the attached staff study* and draft consolidation directive** by 15 June 1949.



/s/ Louis Johnson

* Appendix "A" hereto

Consolidation Directive No.

MEMORANDUM FOR:

SUBJECT: Establishment of a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, National Military Establishment

nation of communication intelligence (COMINT) resulting from the operations of the Armed Forces Security Agency (AFSA) will be established at the Head-quarters of the National Military Establishment. Similar offices may be established at the Headquarters of unified commands and such other commands as may be designated by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

b. For purposes of cover, a consolidated office performing the above-mentioned functions will be designated as a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, abbreviated as COESIDO.

- 2. a. The office of the CONSIDO serving the Headquarters, National Military Establishment, designated as CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, will operate under the general supervision and operational control of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, such supervision to be exercised by the Joint Intelligence Committee.
- b. The assignment as Chief, CONSIDO-MASHINGTON, will be rotated among the Sorvices. The Chief, CONSIDO-MASHINGTON, will be appointed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff for a poriod not exceeding two years. For the purpose of assisting him in executing his functions, the Chief, CONSIDO-MASHINGTON, will have a deputy from each of the Services.
- c. In general, the Chief of a CONSIDO serving a unified or other octmand will be appointed by the commander thereof.
- 5. a. The Chief, COMSIDO-MASHINGTON, will be responsible for evaluation, publication, and dissemination of communication intelligence processed by AFSA. The Deputies from the Services, in addition to being responsible

Appendix to Enclosure "A"

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to the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, for the evaluation and dissemination of communication intelligence as directed by him, will be responsible also to their respective departments for the dissemination of communication intelligence to those departments and to field commands, in accordance with departmental policies and directives pertaining to such dissemination.

- b. The Chief of a COMSIDO outside Washington will be responsible for evaluation, publication, and dissemination of communication intelligence to the local command and for the forwarding of communication intelligence produced locally to CONSIDO-WASHINGTON and other commands, as required.
- 4. Referring specifically to CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, the respective Chiefs of Staff of the three Services will make available to the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, facilities, equipment, records, and files necessary for evaluation and dissemination of communication intelligence.
- 5. a. Military and civilian personnel will be detailed to CONSIDO-WASHINGTON by the respective Services in quotas as requested by the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, and as approved by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- b. As a matter of policy, military personnel will be detailed to such duty for a period of not less than thirty (30) months, and civilian personnel, for indefinite periods. The Services will reserve the right to add, withdraw, or substitute personnel, within limitations of authorised personnel strength of CONSIDO, and subject to agreement by the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON.
- 6. Military and civilian personnel detailed to CONSIDO-MASHINGTON will be operationally subordinate to the Chief, CONSIDO-MASHINGTON, and administratively subordinate to the respective departments from which they have been detailed. The administration will be exercised through the Deputy detailed from each Service to CONSIDO-MASHINGTON, which officer will report, as appropriate, to the Chief of Staff of the Army, or to the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, or to the Chief of Naval Operations for additional duty for this purpose and for those outlined in par 5. a., above.
- 7. The specific responsibilities of the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, are as follows:

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- a. To provide to AFSA the intelligence guidance necessary to enable it to meet the needs of the intelligence agencies.
- b. To determine COMIET Intelligence Priorities based upon the intelligence requirements of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Services, and USCIB; to provide such priorities to AFSA.
 - c. To coordinate COMINT Intelligence Priorities with AFSA technical priorities; to represent Intelligence interests as a voting member of AFSA technical priorities groups.
 - d. To select messages and Traffic Analysis items for publication for use by CONSIDO; to prepare intelligence comments to such messages and items as appropriate.
 - e. To evaluate and disseminate to the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Services, and other U.S. agencies as authorized and directed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the communication intelligence processed by AFSA.
 - f. To prepare summaries, studies, and reports based on communication intelligence processed by AFSA.
 - g. To maintain close liaison with the intelligence divisions of the respective Services and other U.S. agencies authorized to receive COMINT on all matters involving the dissemination of such intelligence and the establishment of priorities therein, as well as matters involving procurement of collateral information from U.S. sources.
 - h. To execute policies established by the Joint Chiefs of Staff for the exchange of communication intelligence with non-U.S. COMINI agencies.
 - i. To provide AFSA with pertinent technical and collateral information which may be of assistance.
 - j. To exercise general supervision over the security of publication and dissemination procedures, under regulations established by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
 - k. To maintain such COMINT and collateral files as are required in addition to the files of AFSA for performance of the functions of COMSIDO.
 - 8. Where appropriate, the responsibilities of a CONSIDO serving a field command will be similar to those outlined in par 7., above.

- 9. a. The Secretary of State, the Director of Central Intelligence, and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation are invited to participate in the work of CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, by making available personnel, facilities, equipment, and files, as appropriate to their respective needs, subject to approval of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- b. If the foregoing invitation is accepted, the senior representatives from the Department of State, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation will serve as Deputy Chiefs of CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, with responsibilities similar to those of the Deputy Chiefs from the Services. Personnel furnished under such an arrangement will be operationally subordinate to the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, and administratively subordinate to their respective senior representatives.
- 10. a. The physical location of CONSIDO-MASHINGTON will be at the COMMINT processing center of AFSA.
- b. CORSIDO-WASHINGTON will operate on a continuous basis, 24 hours per day, seven days per week.
- 11. This directive will be made effective by order of the Joint Chiefs of Staff as soon as practicable after the establishment of AFSA. As soon as practicable after the establishment of CONSIDO-MASHINGTON, all units of the National Military Establishment in the Washington area engaged primarily in the evaluation, publication, and dissemination of communication intelligence will be abolished.
- 12. a. With a view to decreasing existing security hazards, after the establishment of CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, the Armed Forces Security Agency will not provide any COMINT to any U.S. agency other than COMSIDO. However, when appropriate and as determined by the Chief, CONSIDO-WASHINGTON, or by the Chief of a field COESIDO, COMINT may be furnished, on a "need to know" basis, to U.S. Government personnel not participating in COESIDO.
- b. The foregoing prohibition will not apply to the dissemination of communication intelligence to COMINT centers with which exchange of such material has been authorized.

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Annex to Appendix "A" (Revised Draft Directive)

Consolidation Directive No.

MEMORANDUM FOR:

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Subject: Establishment of a Consolidated Special Information Discemination Office, Department of Defense

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the National Security Act of 1947 (Public Law No. 253, 80th Congress), as amended by Public Law 216, 81st Congress, and in the interest of greater efficiency and economy, there is hereby established within the Department of Defense, under the direction and control of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office, designated and hereinafter referred to as "CONSIDO" which shall be located at the main communications intelligence processing center of the Armed Forces Security Agency (AFSA), and which shall have the purpose, composition, authority and responsibilities hareinafter described.

1. Purpose

CONSIDO is established in order to provide for placing under one authority the conduct of evaluation and collation of the product of the Armed Forces Security Agency and for the maintenance of limison, in connection with the functions and responsibilities outlined in paragraph 3 below, between AFSA and the Intelligence Staffs of the Military Departments, the Department of State, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

2. Gomposition

a. COMSIDO shall consist of such facilities and military and civilian personnel of the Armed Forces as the Joint Chiefs of Staff may determine to be necessary to fulfill the functions herein assigned. The Secretary of State, the Director of Central Intelligence, and the Director

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of the Federal Bureau of Investigation are invited to participate in CONSIDO by making available personnel and facilities as appropriate to their respective needs.

- b. The Chief, COMSIDO, will be appointed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff for a period not exceeding three years. The assignment as Chief, CONSIDO, will be rotated smong the Military Departments.
- c. For the purpose of assisting him in executing his functions, the Chief, CONSIDO, will have a full-time deputy from each of the Military Departments and from such other departments and agencies as may be represented in CONSIDO.

3. Functions and Responsibilities

- a. CONSIDO will operate under the direction and control of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, direct supervision to be exercised by the Joint Intelligence Committee.
- b. Military and civilian personnel detailed to CONSIDO will be under the operational control of the Chief, CONSIDO.
- c. The administration of the personnel of CONSIDO will be the responsibility of the department or agency from which they have been assigned and will be exercised through the deputy detailed from each department or agency.
- d. In exercising direct supervision over CONSIDO, the Joint Intelligence Committee will:
 - (1) Establish policies and doctrines for the conduct of CONSIDO activities which will insure that CONSIDO is responsive to the requirements of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and of the individual departments and agencies participating in CONSIDO.
 - (2) Recommend to the Joint Chiefs of Staff the facilities and military and civilian personnel to be provided to

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CONSIDO, such recommendation to be based on requirements as determined by the Chief, CONSIDO.

- (3) With the approval of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, establish Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Offices as may be required at the headquarters of unified commands and such other commands as may be designated by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- e. Subject to the direction and control of the Joint Intelligence Committee, the Chief, CORSIDO, will execute policies, plans, and doctrines relating to the evaluation and collation of the product of AFSA and the dissemination of the product of CORSIDO. His specific responsibilities are as follows:
 - (1) To insure equitable treatment in the satisfaction of the communication intelligence requirements of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Military Departments, the Department of State, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
 - (2) To provide and maintain close liaison with AFSA, the Intelligence Staffs of the Military Departments, the Department of State, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation on all matters involving the dissemination of the product of CONSIDO and the establishment of priorities therein, as well as matters involving procurement of collateral information for AFSA and CONSIDO.

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Annex to Appendix "A"

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(3) To determine intelligence priorities applicable to COMINT based on the intelligence requirements

Method #1

Method #2

of the Joint Chiefs of Staff,
the Military Departments and
the other agencies of the
United States Communication
Intelligence Board (USCIB);
to submit such recommended
priorities to USCIB for
approval and transmittal

of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Military Departments; to integrate those priorities with the priorities of the United States Communication Intelligence Board (USCIR); to provide an integrated list of such priorities

to the Director, AFSA, and to coordinate those priorities with AFSA priorities groups and otherwise to provide AFSA with detailed intelligence guidance necessary to enable it to meet the requirements of the intelligence agencies.

Method #1

Method #2

It is to be noted that the interest or authority of USCIB does not extend to the determination of relative priorities between agencies within the Department of Defense.

(4) To insure proper and timely evaluation and collation of the product of AFSA and dissemination of the product of CONSIDO.

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- (5) To prepare and disseminate information summaries, studies and reports based on the product of AFSA.

 To prepare and disseminate such other summaries, studies and reports as the Joint Intelligence

 Committee may authorize and direct.
- (6) To provide, and exercise supervision over, the means of dissemination of intelligence bearing the communication intelligence code word designator.
- (7) To insure the security of CONSIDO dissemination procedures, in accordance with the basic security policies prescribed by the United States Communication Intelligence Board.
- (8) To provide AFSA with pertinent technical and collateral information.
- (9) To collaborate with the Director, AFSA, in maintaining joint files suitable to the use of both CONSIDO and AFSA and to maintain such files as may be necessary to meet the exclusive needs of CONSIDO.
- (10) To insure that civilian and military personnel assigned to CONSIDO comply with the regulations promulgated by the Director, AFSA, for the administrative operation of the main COMINT processing center.
- (11) To insure continuous operation of CONSIDO on a "watch" basis, 2h hours per day, 7 days per week.
- f. The Deputy Chiefs of CONSIDO will be responsible to the Chief, CONSIDO, and will assist him in carrying out his duties and responsibilities, particularly those relating to their respective departments or agencies.

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- g. The Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force will:
 - (1) Take necessary action to facilitate the efficient and economic operation of CONSIDO, such action to include the assignment of personnel and furnishing of facilities and equipment. The respective Secretaries are hereby authorized to issue such orders as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this directive.
 - (2) Normally assign military personnel to CONSIDO for a period of not less than 30 months, and civilian personnel for indefinite periods, reserving the right to add, withdraw or substitute personnel within limitations of authorized personnel strength of CONSIDO and subject to the agreement by the Chief, CONSIDO.
 - (3) Be responsible, within the Department of Defense, for interpretation of the CONSIDO product and information from all other sources for the production of intelligence.
 - (4) Retain responsibility, within the Department of Defense, for the dissemination of intelligence bearing the communication intelligence code word designator, employing, for inter-departmental and field dissemination, the means provided by CONSIDO.
 - (5) Not undertake or continue any of the functions which are assigned herein to CONSIDO.

h. The Director, AFSA:

(1) Will make available to the Chief, CONSIDO, such AFSA facilities, equipment, records and files as are determined by the Joint Intelligence Committee, subject to approval by the Joint Chiefs of Staff, to be required for the performance of the functions of CONSIDO.

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(2) After the establishment of CONSTDO, will not disseminate the product of AFSA to any US agency other than CONSTDO, except as otherwise directed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Nothing in this directive, however, shall alter technical agreements ratified by the USCIB, and the provision of information for technical purposes to the Army Security Agency, the Navy Communications Supplementary Activities, and the Air Force Security Service.

4. Implementation

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- a. CONSIDO will be placed in operation as soon as practicable. The other portions of this directive shall be made effective immediately thereafter.
- b. The fundamental relationship between the Armed Forces Security Agency and the Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office is as indicated herein. Such adjustments in the relationship as may become necessary will be accomplished by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

5. Definitions

For the purposes of this directive the following definitions apply:

- a. Evaluation the process of determining the credibility and accuracy of information and of eliminating irrelevant and unreliable matter from further consideration.
- b. Collation a critical comparison of various items of information concerning the same general subject.
- c. Interpretation the determination of the probable meaning and significance of processed information in terms of past, present and future factors.
- d. Dissemination the distribution of intelligence and information in such a manner as to insure that they reach the agencies needing them, in usable form, and in accordance with the urgency.

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- e. Communication intelligence the intelligence information which is derived from the study of foreign communications. (It is to be noted that this definition is inconsistent with the normal differentiation between information and intelligence, but is adopted because of long usage.)
- f. The AFSA Product the product resulting from communications intelligence collection which is defined as the procurement of foreign communications and the conversion of such communications into usable English form.
- g. The CONSIDO Product the product resulting from evaluation and collation of the AFSA product.
- h, Intelligence Requirements the requirements for information of each Military Department, the Department of State, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation established without reference to existing and potential capabilities of procurement agencies.
- i. Intelligence Priorities intelligence requirements expressed in an order of preference which has been determined on the basis of a consideration of both the importance and urgency of each requirement and the existing and potential capabilities of procurement agencies.
- j. USCIB Intelligence Friorities the integrated intelligence requirements of the member departments and agencies of USCIB for information from [non-military (applicable to Method #2, paragraph 3 e (3))] foreign communications expressed in an order of preference based on the following considerations:
 - (1) The importance and urgency of each requirement with respect to the national interest and the interest of each member department or agency.
 - (2) The existing or potential capabilities of the procurement agencies.

REMARKS MADE BY COL. LOVELL AT 47TH MEETING OF USCID HELD 2 DECEMBER 1949 IN EXPLANATION OF CHART ACCOMPANYING THE DRAFT CONSIDO PAPER

(Extracted from USCIB: 26/1)

"The chart we are about to use to describe the functions of the proposed CONSIDO was originally prepared for presentation to the Joint Intelligence Committee. The methods employed for the production of Joint Intelligence apply in the same manner for the production of Mational Intelligence by the Central Intelligence Agency. This is illustrated by a second chart which portrays the identical idea in outline form.

"Your attention is now invited to the first chart, To facilitate explanation, it will be explained in parts.

"The color convention used is as follows:

Dark red for COMINT information.
Light red for collateral information.
Blue for intelligence.
Blue and red for intelligence containing COMINT.
Dotted black for liaison.

"This section of the chart shows the method employed for producing joint intelligence by the military departments.

"Information is introduced at the basic research level to produce factual intelligence such as that used in the National Intelligence Surveys. COMINT is given special handling in accordance with the USCIB security regulations.

"Factual intelligence is then used by the intelligence staffs to produce finished intelligence in the form of strategic estimates and studies.

"Finished intelligence from all of the intelligence agencies is synthesized by the JIG which upon approval by the JIC becomes Joint intelligence.

"The method illustrated on this section of the chart was used recently to produce ABCI-15, a joint estimate of the capabilities and intentions of the Soviet Union.

by CIA and State Department in the production of Joint intelligence on foreign nations. The political, economic, sociological and scientific intelligence produced by those agencies is vital in the production of estimates of foreign powers. In the production of the estimate of the capabilities and intentions of the Soviet Union contained in ABCI-15, the political and economic sections of that paper were prepared by State and CIA.

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(Extracted from USCIB: 26/1)

"As pointed out earlier, the method is the same for the production of National Intelligence.

The FBI is not shown on either of these charts because they deal exclusively with the production of positive intelligence on foreign powers. For the production of counterespionage and counterintelligence, the FBI would be shown on these charts on the same level and functioning in the same manner as the other intelligence agencies of the U.S. Government.

"The third and final section of the chart shows AFSA and illustrates the manner in which the proposed CONSIDO functions in the overall intelligence system.

"Four important functions of CONSIDO are shown on the chart.

"The first is liaison between the intelligence agencies on the one hand and AFSA and CONSIDO on the other. This liaison is important for three reasons:

It provides for the selection of information needed to fill gaps in research knowledge in the intelligence agencies.

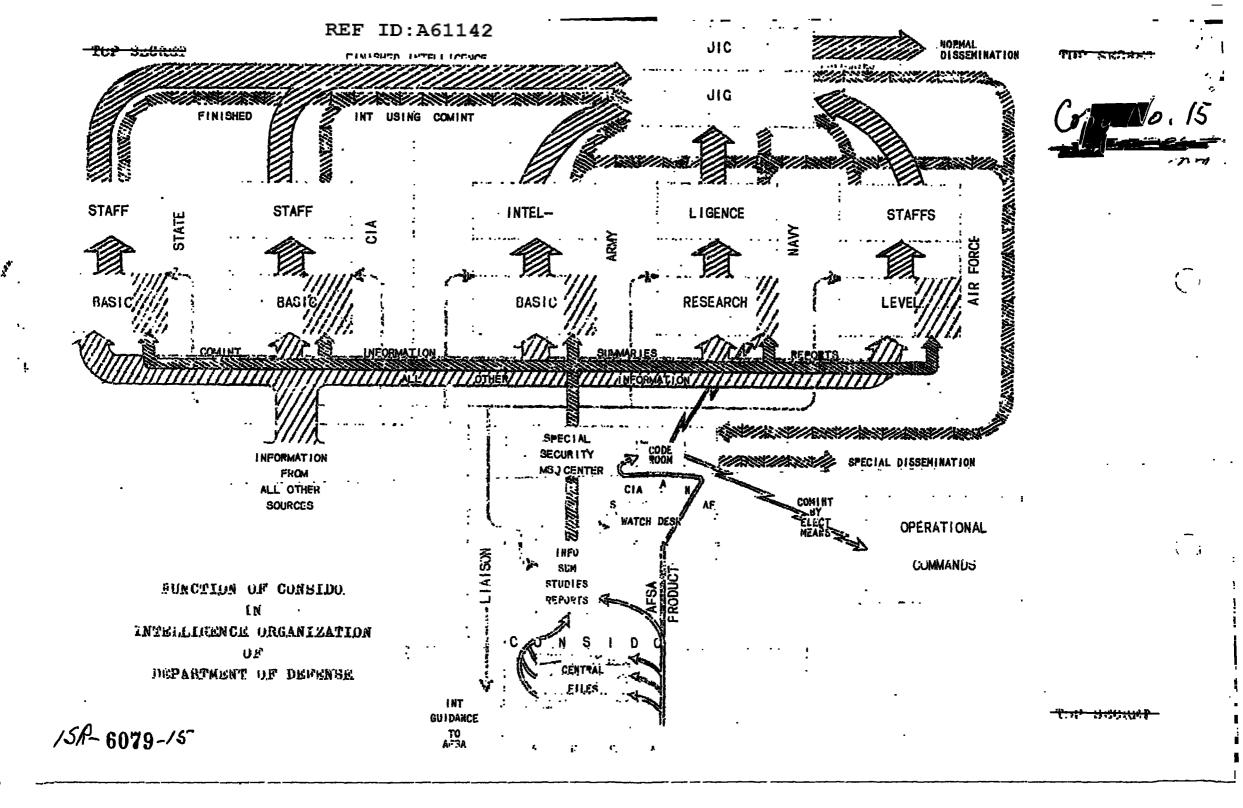
It provides guidance for the selection of items of information for transmission by electrical means.

It provides detailed intelligence guidance to AFSA to enable that agency to carry out its mission efficiently.

"The second function is the preparation of summaries and reports tailored to meet the specific needs of the various intelligence agencies. In this connection, every effort should be made to utilize the material in the central files in the original language as well as the translated material.

"The third function is the watch desk which operates on a round the clock basis for the electrical transmission of important messages of a timely nature to operational commands and the interested intelligence agencies.

"The final and certainly one of the most important is the operation of the security system for the handling of information and intelligence bearing the code word designator classification. As in the case of the central files, it is intended that a single security message center be employed jointly with AFSA."



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STATEMENT OF GERTAIN METHODS FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF CONSIDO

- 1. Intelligence priorities to guide the effort of AFSA shall be established by USCIB.
 - a. The intelligence requirements of each USCIE member department or agency, expressed at least in terms of countries and specific subjects about which information is required, will be submitted to USCIE for consideration and establishment of intelligence priorities applicable to COMINT.
 - b. The USCIB Intelligence Committee will establish the priority order in which AFSA should fulfill the intelligence requirements of all USCIB members.

 In the establishment of this priority order, the following criteria may be considered:
 - (1) The urgency of each requirement, both from the point of view of the national interest and of the interest of the individual member department and agencies of USCIB.
 - (2) The availability of information from sources other than COMINT.

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- (3) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.
- c. The USCIB Intelligence Committee will establish intelligence priorities as required for the guidance of AFSA:
 - [1] (by majority vete) er
 - [2] (on the basis of unanimity) or
 - [3] (by arbitration by the Committee Chairman im the absence of unamimity).
- d. USCIB intelligence priorities will then be forwarded to the Director, CONSIDO for ecordination with the DIRAFSA. Such detailed interpretation as may be required by the AFSA Office of Operations and its technical priorities committees will then be estained.
- 2. Command central of CONSIDO to be vested int
 - [1] (a Special Intelligence Committee of USCIB consisting of the six intelligence directors concerned) or
 - [2] (a Special Intelligence Committee of JIC consisting of the three intelligence directors of the Military

 Departments and the three intelligence directors from CIA. Department of State. and the FBI).
 - a. In either situation outlined above, the members of the Special Intelligence Committee are the same.
 - b. In the first method above, USCIB would prescribe policy for the operation of CONSIDO and verify the

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execution thereof. After reviewing and approving the erganization, personnel allocations and methods or precedure, it would take the necessary action with the departments and agencies concerned to provide personnel and equipment on a continuing basis for the operation of CONSIDO. Based on the periodic report of the Director, CONSIDO, USCIB would give general guidance and direction for the preparation of reports designed to facilitate the production of intelligence by the various intelligence agencies responsible therefor. Dispute within the membership would be resolved in the prescribed manner with ultimate resolution by NSC if necessary.

organ of the Department of Defense under the direct supervision of the JCS (Augmented JIC). USCIB, however, would continue to prescribe broad policy for the coordination of CONTNT activities and the JCS would, of course, be bound to comply in exercising its supervision ever CONSIDO. The Augmented JIC would take action to provide personnel and facilities from the participating agencies and give general guidance to the eperations of CONSIDO pursuant to the policies and priorities of USCIB as is done new in security matters. All JIC papers pertaining to CONSIDO would

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be handled by:

- [1] (a special section in the JIC secretarist) or
- 727 (the USCIB secretariat) or
- [3] (the CONSIDO staff).

In the event of failure to achieve unanimity within the augmented JIC, the following procedures for appeal would apply:

- (1) Whenever there is a difference of view among the military members, the matter will be transmitted as a split paper to the JCS for decision. This decision will establish the position of the Department of Defense.
- (2) Whenever there is a difference of view between

 (a) the Department of Defense on the one hand
 and one or more of the civilian departments on
 the other or (b) among the civilian departments,
 the matter will be transmitted to the USCIB
 Secretarist for reference directly to NSC for
 decision.
- 3. CONSIDO to be an organization -- not an ad hoc unit.

 It is essential to the proper functioning of CONSIDO that it have a clear-out organization with a fixed establishment to carry out its mission. It must be capable of meeting the continuing and varying meeds of the participating departments and agencies. To assure

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permanence and continuity within the CONSIDO establishment, the following methods of organization would apply:

- considered necessary to meet the needs of the participating departments and agencies. The particular functions involved in the provision of this service will be recommended by the Director, CONSIDO and his Deputies and will be approved by the control body. Nothing in these arrangements will operate to preclude the performance by CONSIDO or at CONSIDO (within the meaning of Principle 5 below) of such functions or tasks as may be desired by any participating department or agency, subject only to limitations of space and facilities.
- b. Assignment of Personnel. CONSIDO will be established on a T/O basis with permanently assigned position vacancies. These vacancies will be based on the interests and needs of the participating departments and agencies, and will be apportioned by the control body. All participating departments and agencies will bear responsibility to keep their assigned vacancies filled insofar as possible.

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c. Control of Personnel. Personnel detailed to work at CONSIDO on special operations (within the meaning of Principle 5 below) will:

/I/ (remain under the operational direction of the agency undertaking the special operation) or

[2] (remain under the operational direction of the agency undertaking the special operation or be assigned temporarily under the operational control of the Director, CONSIDO for the accomplishment of the specific task in hand as agreed between the Director and the agency concerned).

All personnel assigned to permanent position vacancies will:

(be under the operational control of Director, CONSIDO) or

[2] (be under the operational control of the Director, CONSIDO through the respective deputies of the participating departments and agencies).

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The Deputies will be under the operational control of the Director, CONSIDO.) or [27] (assign a Deputy to the Director, CONSIDO. The Deputies will be under the operational control of the Director, CONSIDO.) or [27] (assign a Deputy to the Director, CONSIDO.) or [27] (assign a Deputy to the Director, CONSIDO. The Deputies will also serve as the responsible liaison representatives of their parent departments or agencies).

- e. Administration. Administrative matters between CONSIDO and the participating departments and agencies will be handled through the appropriate Deputies.
- 4. CONSIDO to disseminate the AFSA product.

The entire AFSA product will be made available to CONSIDO. CONSIDO will render information service to the intelligence agencies by making the AFSA product available in the form and manner best suited to facilitate research and action by the respective intelligence agencies. Every effort will be made to reduce the general distribution of the AFSA product. AFSA will cease distribution of the AFSA product upon the establishment of CONSIDO except that (a) special handling will be given to especially sensitive material in accordance with the requirements of the intelligence agency primarily concerned and (b) all existing and

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future agreements approved by USCIB pertaining to the AFSA product will be observed.

5. CONSIDO to conduct special operations by certain agencies, i.e., ad hoc additional members for special projects.

Occasions will arise wherein important source material will temporarily increase in volume exceeding the capacity of assigned personnel. Or, again, the nature of source material may require highly specialized knowledge for its proper exploitation. In either case CONSIDO will be unable to properly exploit the material at hand. In such instances any or all of the interested participants could send special teams to augment the CONSIDO contingent until the material at hand has been either fully exploited or brought within the capability of CONSIDO.

6. Adequate provision to be made for reasonable stability of personnel to permit continuity in functional operation.

Military personnel will be assigned to CONSIBO for duty for periods of not less than 30 months. Civilian personnel will be assigned with a view to promote the permanence and continuity of CONSIBO.

7. Chief of CONSIDO to be an official from one of the military departments.

JIC will normally select and nominate an officer as Director, CONSIDO, and submit the nomination to USCIB for approval. The detail as Director, CONSIDO, normally will be rotated among the military departments.

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STATEMENT OF CERTAIN MATHODS FOR

THE ESTABLISHMENT OF CONSIDO

(The Second Report of the Ad Hoc Committee as revised by discussion at the Fifty-first (Special) Meeting of USCIB)

- 1. Intelligence priorities to guide the effort of AFSA shall be established by USCIB.
 - a. The intelligence requirements of each USCIB member department or agency, or when applicable, of the JCS expressed at least in terms of countries and specific subjects about which information is required, will be submitted to USCIB for consideration and establishment of intelligence priorities applicable to COMINT.
 - b. The USCIB Intelligence Committee will establish the priority order in which AFSA should fulfill the intelligence requirements of all USCIB members. In the establishment of this priority order, the following criteria may be considered:
 - (1) The urgency of each requirement, both from the point of view of the national interest and of the interest of the individual member department and agencies of USCIB.
 - (2) The availability of information from sources other than COMINT.

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- (3) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.
- c. The USCIB Intelligence Committee will establish intelligence priorities as required for the guidance of AFSA by majority vote, with an additional vote being cast by the committee chairman in the event of a tie.
- d. USCIB intelligence priorities will then be forwarded to the Director, CONSIDO for coordination with the DIRAFSA. Such detailed interpretation as may be required by the AFSA Office of Operations and its technical priorities committees will then be obtained.
- 2. (Department of State reserved its decision on this paragraph.)

Command control of CONSIDO to be vested in a Special

Intelligence Committee of JIC consisting of the three intelligence directors of the Military Departments and the three intelligence directors from CIA, Department of State, and the FBI:

- a. In the event of a difference in view between the committee members:
 - (1) In the field of USCIB authority, the matter will be referred direct to USCIB for resolution.
 - (2) In fields other than those in (1) above, the matter will be referred to JCS for resolution.

- b. In the event there is a question whether a subject of disagreement is referrable to USCIB, the matter will be referred to USCIB for decision as to its acceptability by that agency.
- 3. CONSIDO to be an organization -- not an ad hoc unit.

 It is essential to the proper functioning of CONSIDO that it

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 tinuity and varying needs of the participating departments and

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- tablished on a T/O basis with permanently assigned position vacancies. These vacancies will be based on the interests and needs of the participating departments and agencies, and will be apportioned by the control body. All participating departments and agencies will bear responsibility to keep their assigned vacancies filled insofar as possible.
- c. (The member representing DNI reserved decision on this subparagraph.)

Control of Personnel. Personnel detailed to work at CONSIDO on special operations (within the meaning of Principle 5 below) will remain under the operational direction of the agency undertaking the special operation or be assigned temporarily under the operational control of the Director, CONSIDO for the accomplishment of the specific task in hand subject to agreement of the agency concerned. All personnel assigned to permanent position vacancies will be under the operational control of the Director, CONSIDO by agreement with the respective deputies of the participating departments and agencies.

d. (The member representing DNI reserved decision on this subparagraph.)

Deputy. Each participating department or agency will assign a Deputy to the Director, CONSIDO.

The Deputies will also serve as the responsible representatives of their parent departments or agencies.

- e. Administration. Administrative matters between CONSIDO and the participating departments and agencies will be handled through the appropriate Deputies.
- 4, CONSIDO to disseminate the AFSA product.

The entire AFSA product will be made available to CONSIDO. CONSIDO will render information service to the intelligence agencies by making the AFSA product available in the form and manner best suited to facilitate research and action by the respective intelligence agencies. Every effort will be made to reduce the general distribution of the AFSA product. AFSA will cease distribution of the AFSA product upon the esetablishment of CONSIDO except that (a) material requiring special handling will be disseminated in accordance with the needs of the intelligence agency primarily concerned and (b) all existing and future agreements approved by USCIB pertaineing to the AFSA product will be observed.

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THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

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15 Juni 194

Note */ See below

MEMORANDOM FOR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSES

Subject: Maximum Exploitation of COMING.

The Joint Chiefs of Staff have considered the staff stud on maximum exploitation of Communications Intelligence (COMINT) and the draft consolidation directive establishing a Consolidated Special Information Dissemination Office (CONSIDO) forwarded by your memorandum sated 19 May 1949 and have the following comments:

directive would decrease pather than increase the efficiency and economy of communication intelligence activities of the National Military Establishment. Considerable duplication of the work of other U.S. intelligence agencies would be necessary, if CONSIDE-WASHINGTON were to fulfill the responsibilities assigned to it. In addition, the draft directive states that CONSIDE-WASHINGTON will disceminate intelligence direct to the Joint Chiefs of Staff but makes no provision for the integration of such intelligence with intelligence provided to the Joint Chiefs of Staff by the intelligence staffs of the Joint Chiefs of Staff by the intelligence staffs of the Services.

b. The draft directive would divorce evaluation of COMINT from evaluation of all other intelligence, a situation which would militate against accurate evaluation of both COMINT and non-COMINT intelligence. Since COMINT, as intelligence, is not essentially different from other types of intelligence, any organization which isolates its evaluation from that of other sources is unrealistic.

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to the Director, Armod Forces Security Agency, and thereby removing it from the intelligence chain of the Mational Military Establishment, the draft directive fails to provide for the expeditious use of COMINT in support of the command functions of the Service Departments and for the satisfaction of vital operational requirements of commanders in theaters of combat.

g. The draft directive is not in consonence with the provisions of MSCID #9, which established the U.S. Communication Intelligence Board to effect authoritative coordination of COMINT activities of the government.

In view of the above serious disadvantages of the proposed consolidation directive, the Joint Chiefs of Staff recommend that the action contemplated not be taken.

For the Joint Chiefe of Staff:

(SIGNED)

LOUIS DENFELD, Admiral, U.S. Navy.



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WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

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15 June 194



MEMORANDUM FOR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE:

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For the Joint Chiefe of Staff:

(SIGNED)

LOUIS DENFELD, Admiral, U.S. Navy. THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON ES, D

MEMORANDOM FOR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

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b. The draft directive would divorce evaluation of COMINY from evaluation of all other intelligence, a situation which would militate against accurate evaluation of both could and non-could intelligence. Since COMINY, as intelligence, is not essentially different from other types of intelligence, any organization which isolates its evaluation from that of other sources is unreslistic.

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In view of the above serious disadvantages of the proposed consolidation directive, the Joint Chiefs of Staff recommend that the action contemplated not be taken.

For the Joint Chiefs of Staff:

(SIGNED)

LOUIS DENFELD, Admiral, U.S. Navy.



THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

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Note */

MEMORANDUM FOR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE;

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In view of the above serious disadvantages of the proposed consolidation directive, the Joint Chiefe of Staff recommend that the action contemplated not be taken.

For the Joint Chiefs of Staff:

(SIGNED)

LOUIS DENFELD, Admiral, U.S. Navy.



THE JOINT CHIEFS DESIGNATION

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15 Juna 194

Note

MENORANDUM FOR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE:

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For the Joint Chiefe of Staff:

(SIGNED)

LOUIS DENFELD, Admiral, U.S. Navy.

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4 MAR 1952

for secret - security information

MEMORATURE FOR

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Subject: Conside, Richary of

- 1. In apportance with your request, there is enclosed herewith a brief history of the COMSTRO concept and of the various actions which followed its official presentation for consideration.
- 2. The history, as set forth in the emplosure, begins with a paper prepared in Merch 1949. That is because it deals with a concept of evaluation and dissemination to which the name CONSIDO was applied. However, the idea of a joint staluation and dissemination center for military and neval COMIST ambiliates the COMSIDS concept. Therefore, a brief history of events prist to Harch 1949, dealing with this phase of CONTET integration will probably be of interest, and will be suggestioned in the next paragraph.
- 3. a. Beginning on 15 leguet 1915 and extending through the and of the year, correspondence was exchanged between the Chief of Staff, U.S. Army, and the Chief of Meral Operations, relative to the merging and integration of the COMMY activities of the two Services. Pertinent to that correspondence is a smorandom dated 22 August 1945 from the Chairman of the Army-Navy Commications Intelligence Board to General Marshall and Admiral King, is which it is stated that the Board reached varanizous conclusion:
 - "(b) That...after merger of Army and Bary Signal intellimore activities are affectuated all results be disseminated as joint Army-Kary Bridget."
- b. In a memorandam dated 18 September 145 to General Marshall, Admiral King set forth three besic principles inhrest in his approval of the memorandum referred to their subparagraph . There
 - w(m) That there should be ... joint walkstion and dissenination of strategie, non-operational inteligence."
 - "(b) The Hery must maintain complete and independent control of the production, milustion and dispersation of naval operational intelligence."

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- *(c) The Navy's physical facilities for the production of communication intelligence cannot be consolidated into a single physical unit with army dignal intelligence facilities.*
- e. In his reply, 75 September 1945, Consral Marshall accepted the first of these three principles but stated that the second and third "appear to me to remove the practical basis assential to achieve effective coordination."
- d. It is unnecessary here to go further into the foregoing correspondence and the long discussions terminating in the creation of the Armed Forces Security igency. That is a different story. But I wish to continue a bit in this memorandum with the rest of the Harshall-King correspondence having a bearing on the first of the three principles cited in subparagraph b. Move, since that one certainly forms a part of the background history of the concept of a CONSINO.

e. On 2 October 1945 Admiral King:

meeted that we agree that the control and dissemination of Havy and Army operational signal intelligence should be exercised by the service emperced. In addition, I believe the following principles have already been implemented or agreed upon:

*(A) Strategic non-operational signal intelligence should be ***aluated and discominated as a joint product."

Admiral King went on to says

"I feel test the Navy's complete and independent control of its production, evaluation, and dissemination of naval operational intelligence is examinate to naval command."

1. On 10 October 1945 General Marshall replied:

- environd that * joint COMBIT evaluation center would be ineffective unless in the same center there were combined all other types of AFFF and Navy intelligence."
- w2. It seems then that the best solution for improving not only the affectioness of /Chain! but to resolve the entire question of fray and Navy intelligence organization would be for us to pushine in one location, under joint control, all army and her intelligence effort, personnel and direction including all of the product of the /LOMINT/....

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g. On 6 Morenbert 1965, in his reply to General Marshall, Adm. King

eable to do so mud still rebain to such service control of those matters assential to the effective amployment of its forces. For this reason it is measurery that the Navy retain those functions which relate to Naval operational intelligence required for the exercise of naval comment. This includes cryptography, which for the Navy's purposes, must be integrated into the communications service rather than into the intelligence service.

be a joint matter. further consideration. the Subject to the above, I agree that intelligence should be a joint matter. I suggest that an ad hoc committee be appointed to work out a program on the above basis for our

- *5. I share your view that our program should be worked out in a manuser to permit the armed services to comporate fully with the State Department in the formation and operation of a central intelligence agancy, should one be established.* Ÿ.
- h. On 8 December 1945 General Elsenhover, General Marshall's successor as Chief of Staff, wrote to Admiral Elag:
- agree that certain phases of Army and Navy intelligence should be a joint matter but that you feel it mecessary for the Envy to impose certain limitations upon the functions of any joint intelligence agency. General Marshall's proposal was based upon the promise that there should be no such limitations, and that there should be no such limitations, and that there should be no such limitations, and that there should be no such limitations. including oryptamalytic settrities,
- appropriate to defer action upon the mutual problems of the *2. As you know, the Secretaries of State, war and Ravy recently appointed a committee to investigate and report upon the advisability of the formation of a pentral intelligence agency. Any action which this equalities may take will naturally have a substantial effect upon the proposal for merging army and havy intelligence activities. It therefore seems aupounted."
- 1. On 26 December 1945 Admiral Mimits, Admiral King's successor am Chief of Maral Operations, in reply to General Eisenburger, stated:

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4 MAR 1952

- Subject: CONSIDO, History of Mannrandum for

- el. I regret that you feel it appropriate to defer further action men mitual problems of the Army and Kary communication intelligence activities pending result of a study by the State-Yer-Mayy Constitue as to the advisibility of the formation of a Central Intelligence Agency.
- *I. You are correct that reference (b) imposes limitation mon joint effort in the field of communication intelligence. but only to the limited extent therein stated. It is essential for the Havy to retain water its control those communication intelligence functions parasountly related to naval operational requirements and the exercise of neval command. This is true regardless of the extent of joint effort by the two services and Likewise, regardless of the extent of control which may otherwise be exercised ever the field of intelligence generally by any interdepartmental joint intelligence agency which may be created.
- *3. It has been the monaistant hope of the Chief of Naval Operations, as expresse in reference (b) and in former memoranda on this same subject, frat joint discussions continue with due meaned for the above mentioned limited restriction. I still feel that this should be done. Should you, however, as stated in reference (a) still wish to defer further action upon our matual intelligence problems until the final result of the study by the State-War-Wary Committee, I reductionally concur."
- j. The entire problemwas thereupon taken up again by the Army-Havy Communications Intelligent Board and them by a special board. For our purposes it is unnecessary to go into those discussions, and merely may that when AFSA was finally established, and with State, CIA, and FBI as members of USCIB, the compept of a central evaluation and dissemination unit for all COMINT has eliminated. It is doubtful that the manimum conclusion of ARCIE, sucted in subparagraph a. above, was everlooked by mere incovertence Consequently, early in 1949 I took up the question with Col. Carte J. Clarks, then Chief, Army Security Agency.
- 4. a. One of the factors which mutivated me in bringing up the question and which is briefly misrred to in paragraph ic of Section I of the enclosure, was my growing concern over the large number of conies of decrypts being produced ty meet the stated requirements of the consumers. I felt that the situation would soon get out of hand and present serious risk of less of copies, only me of which might jeopardize our most important sources. The mission has indeed become serious.



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b. The gravity of the security basards coincident with the enormous number of copies of code-word material being produced and disseminated currently can be gauged by considering the following sample statistics:

	1951				
	BEP	OGT	KOV	DEC	JAH
(1)	12,888	15,424	14,1 <i>9</i> 2	9,968	12,588
(2)	6,963	7,893	7.087	5_919	9,968
(1) (2) (3)	1,545,293	1,842,150	1,822,364	1,379,267	1,719,093

Line (1) No. of translations of plain-text intercepts.

Line (2) No. of translations of decrypted intercepts.

Line (3) Total No. of copies of translations of both categories.

(MUTE: The appreciable decrease from November to December was the result of the Christmas Holidays.)

- c. The total number of copies produced is staggering even greater than the figure I gave the Board at the meeting on 22 February 1952. Some of these copies consist of several sheets of paper, each bearing the code word designator.
- 5. a. In my opinion, these statistics alone should be a source of worry to all of us. An important reduction in the security risks might result from an arrangement whereby such wholesale reproduction and dissemination of CCMINI products would not be necessary. A CCMSINO working within AFSA precincts, or a "Reports Group within AFSA" would certainly help in this respect, leaving out of consideration other advantages which might accrue in the way of producing better and more current pictures of the international scene, as reflected in CCMINI.
- b. In this connection I call your attention to the current dissemination policy and practice at CHQ, not because I as convinced that that suits iritish needs should also suit our requirements but as a matter of information and possibly food for thought. Dissemination of individual COMINT decrypts and translations is on a very strict, extremely limited basis at CHQ, and, norsover, it is largely determined and controlled by GCHQ itself. The guiding principle is the "need to know," with strict interpretation. For instance, an item relating to atomic energy would be disseminated only to their equivalent of our AEC. At the beginning of each year there are discussions between GCHQ and the consumer agencies, the latter indicating in broad terms their minimum requirements in this respect. From time to time thereafter, by limited requirements in this respect. From time to time thereafter, by limited visits by GCHQ personnel to the consumer agencies, these requirements may be clarified or mended. Generally, only one or two copies of a decrypt ever leave GCHQ, the largest number never exceeding half a dosea. Substantly, in the case of a particularly valuable report based upon decrypts or translations more copies may go out but never more than 8 or 10. It is

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to be noted that what has been said above applies only to what is dens at CCHQ; many reports using COMINI and collateral are produced within the consumer agenties and disseminated by them but I do not know at the memont how many copies are made or disseminated. That is a responsibility of the consumers, not of CCHQ, but I deressy CCHQ has something to say on that score, too.

- c. We learned recently that similar very stringent rules are followed by the _____COMINT organization.
- d. I still believe in the CONCIDS idea but wish to make it elear that I do not think it should be performed by AFM only that, for security reasons, it would be best if it could be performed on or within aFM premises, so that the original bits and pieces never need leave those premises. A unification of COMMAT processing without some sort of unification of evaluation and dissemination appears illegical; in fact, it might have been more logical to begin with a unification of evaluation and dissemination along CONCIDO or similar lines, and then follow it with a unification of COMMAT processing. In short, maybe we have here an example of a hysteron-proteron, and if you do not know that that is, look it up in Webster. We have an angle-Saxon equivalent but it does not sound as nice.
- 6. It is advisable that I invite your attention to the fact that this history of CONTRO is not an efficial document, although it is based upon official sources and is accompanied by certain appendices which are efficial documents. I will also add that the communic contained in the preceding paragraphs of this covering memorandum represent my personal opinions. They do not necessarily reflect the views of any of my culleagues or superiors.

EXCL-1 History of CONSIDO WILLIAM F. PRIEDMAN Compultant

document contains information
oting the national defense of
United States within the meanof the Espionage Laws, Title 18,
C., Sections 793 and 794. The
smission or the revelation of
contents in any manner to an
thorized person is prohibited

See also Public Law 513, 81 Congress second session REF ID: A61142

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MEMO FOR THE RECORD: The accompanying document was furnished of the State Department as background material in connection with the President's Committee on communications intelligence in its study of JCS 2010, as per SM 38652.

1 May 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD:

SUBJECT. CONSIDO

l. As a result of its instructions to formulate a set of basic plans for the creation of CONSIDO, the ad hoc committee held its second meeting in Room 5106, New State Building at 10:00 A.M., Monday, 1 May 1950. The following were present:

Mr. T. A. Polyzoldes - State
Mr. R. F. Packard - State
Col. J. R. Lovell - USAF

COL. J. R. Lovell - USAF

COL. P. K. Porch, USA - ID
Col. J. K. Baker, USA - ID
Lt. Col. B. R. Brown, USA - ID
Mr. John O'Gara - ID
Capt. J. M. Ocker, USN - CNO

Lt. Col. A. C. Peterson, USA - AFSA

- 2. The draft prepared by the panel of the ad hoc committee was considered by the Committee as a whole. Certain changes were agreed on and a new panel appointed consisting of Mr. Packard of State Department and Col. Lovell of Department of Defense for a redraft of paragraphs 3 and 4 of the proposed draft and the preparation of another draft including this re-draft and agreed changes. A tentative time of Wednesday, 3 May 1950 was set for consideration of this re-draft in order that an attempt could be made to present a paper to USCIB on Friday, 5 May 1950.
 - 3. Changes accepted by all present are as follows:

a. In paragraph la, insert the words "at least." (Proposed by State)

b. In paragraph 1b, substitute for the words "will apply" at the end of the second sentence the words "may be considered." (Proposed by State)

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- c. CIA objected to the first sentence of paragraph 1b(3). The second sentence was deleted by common consent up to the word "criteria" and reworded as follows: "The USCIB Intelligence Committee by either (1) unanimity (2) majority vote or (3) arbitration will establish intelligence priorities as required for the guidance of AFSA."
- d. In paragraph 1c, a period was placed after DIRAFSA. Following this the expression "This will result in" was substituted for the words "and for."
- e. In paragraph 2a, the word "control" was deleted.
- f. In paragraph 2b, the word "control" was also deleted. The State Department asked for further elaboration with respect to a secretariat for staff work for the Committee and as to the mechanics of presenting split views to the JCS and NSC.
- g. After lengthy discussion, it was decided that paragraphs 3 and 4 would be re-drafted by the new panel.
- h. In paragraph 5, the word "would" in the last sentence was replaced by "could." (Proposed by FBI)
- 1. The second sentence of paragraph 6 was re-drafted as follows. "Civilian personnel will be assigned with a view to promote the permanence and continuity of CONSIDO."
- j. The second sentence of paragraph 7 was deleted and the word "normally" was inserted after the word "CONSIDO" in the third sentence.

A. C. PETERSON Lt. Colonel, CAC Chief, AFSA-12

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27 April 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR CHAIRMAN OF AD HOC COMMITTEE OF USCIH

SUBJECT: Draft of Principles for Establishment of CONSIDO

Pursuant to instructions of the Ad Foc Committee of USCIB, herewith is a draft of statement of princ ples governing the establishment of CONSIDO, with brief descriptions of application thereof.

FOR THE DRAFTING COMMITTEE:

J. R. LOVELL Colonel, U.S.A.F. Member 18aber
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AUTH CS, USAF

27 Apr 50

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STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES GOVERNING

THL ESTABLISHMENT OF CONSIDO

With Brief Description of Application

CONSIDO shall be established in conformity with the following principles:

1. Intelligence priorities to guide the effort of AFSA shall be established by USCIB.

Application:

- a. The intelligence requirements of each USCIB momber department or (atlact) interest and specific subjects about which information is required, will be submitted to USCIB for consideration and establishment of intelligence priorities applicable to COMNT.
- b. The USCIB Intelligence Committee will establish the priority order in which AFSA should fulfill the intelligence requirements of all USCIB members. In the establishment of this priority order, the following criteria may be considered (Stale) will apply:
 - (1) The urgency of each requirement, both from the point of view of the national interest and of the interest of the individual member departments and agencies of USCIB.
- (2) The availability of information from sources other than COMINT.

 (3) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.

 (4) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.

 (5) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.

 (6) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.

 (7) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.

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 (1) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.

 (2) The capabilities of AFSA to produce the information required.
- Director of CONSIDO for coordination with the DIRAFSA and for detailed interpreta

 tion for the AFSA Office of Operations and its technical priorities committees.

 Command control of CONSIDO to be vested in a Special Intelligence

 Committee of USCIB consisting of the six intelligence directors concerned.

b. Command control of CONSIDO to be vested in a Special Intelligence

Committee of JIC consisting of the three intelligence directors of the Military

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Departments and the three intelligence directors from CIA, Department of State, and the FBI.

In either situation outlined above, the members of the Special Intelligence Committee are the same.

In situation a, above, USCIB would prescribe policy for the operation of CONSIDO and verify the execution thereof. After reviewing and approving the organization, personnel allocations and methods of procedure, it would take the necessary action with the departments and agencies concerned to provide personnel and equipment on a continuing basis for the operation of CONSIDO. Based on the periodic report of the Director, CONSIDO, USCIB would give general guidance and direction for the preparation of reports designed to facilitate the production of intelligence by the various intelligence agencies responsible therefor. Dispute within the membership would be resolved in the prescribed manner with ultimate resolution by NSC if necessary.

In situation b, above, CONSIDO will become an organ of the Department of

Defense under the direct supervision of the JCS (Augmented JIC). USCIB, however,

would continue to prescribe broad policy for the coordination of COMINT

activities and the JCS would, of course, be bound to comply in exercising its

supervision over CONSIDO. The Augmented JIC would take action to provide per
sonnel and facilities from the participating agencies and give general guidance

to the operations of CONSIDO pursuant to the policies and priorities of USCIB

as is done now in security matters. Dispute within the membership would be

presented as split views to the JCS for resolution. In case of a decision ad
verse to one or more of the ad hoc members of JIC, recourse to NSC is available

exactly as in situation a.

The paramount importance of COMINT for mulitary operations has been recognized by all responsible authorities. Situation b has the advantage of coordinating COMINT activity in such manner that the transition from a cold to a hot war may be executed with the minimum loss of efficiency.

3. CONSIDO to be an organization -- not an ad hoc unit.

Continuity in the preliminary exploitation of CCMINT is essential to the orderly development of this source as an important contributor to the production

of intelligence. Constant surveillance of the traffic, continuous reporting of the information contained therein organized on a basis parallel to that of the intelligence organizations to be served, is a requirement that must be met by CCLSIDO if it is to be able to guide the efforts of AFSA, detect important developments in time, and augment other sources of intelligence. Consequently, a clear cut organization with a fixed establishment to carry out its mission is essential to proper functioning of CONSIDO.

4. CONSIDO to disseminate the AFSA product.

The entire AFSA product will be made available to C'NSIDO. CONSIDO will further information service to the intelligence agencies by making the AFSA product available in the form and manner best suited to facilitate research and action by the respective intelligence agencies. This will be determined by experience. Every effort will be made to reduce the general distribution of the AFSA product to the minimum. Special handling will be given to especially sensitive material, in accordance with the instructions of the intelligence agency primarily concerned. AFSA will cease other dissemination of the AFSA product upon the establishment of CONSIDO. All existing agreements approved by USCIB pertaining to the AFSA product will be observed.

5. CONSIDO to conduct special operations by certain agencies, 1.e., ad hoc additional members for special projects.

Occasions will inevitably arise wherein important source material will temporarily increase in volume exceeding the capacity of assigned personnel. Or, again, the rature of source material may require highly specialized knowledge for its proper exploitation. In either case, by reason of volume or complexity of source material, CONSIDO will be unable to properly exploit the material at hand. In such instances any or all of the interested participants at hand as special teams to augment the CONSIDO contingent until the material at hand has been either fully exploited or brought within the capability of CONSIDO.

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6. Adequate provision to be made for reasonable stability of personnel to permit continuity in functional operation.

military personnel will be assigned to CONSIDO for duty for periods of with a will not less than 30 months. Civilian personnel will mornity be assigned to write the purchase and confidence of CONSIDO permanently, subject, of course, to normal attrition.

7. Chief of CONSIDO to be an official from one of the military departments.

JIC will normally select and nominate an officer as Director, CONSIDO, and submit the nomination to USCIB for approval. In the of war, JIC shall have sele authority to designate the Director, CONSIDO, The detail as Director, CONSIDO, will be rotated among the military departments.

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