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NME FORM NO 95 Replaces DA AGO Form 895, 1 Apr 48, which may be used.

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REPORT BY THE USCIB COORDINATOR TO THE UNITED STATES COMMUNICATIONS BOARD

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MEASURES FOR INCREASED SECURITY OF COLMUNICATION INTELLIGENCE

#### THE PROBLEM

1. What additional measures should be taken to protect (f) present a future.

COMINT sources and (2) auch new sources as may be expected soon to yield.

FACTS BEARING UPON THE PROBLEM AND DISCUSSION

2. As set forth in Paragraphs 1-12 in the Enclosure.

#### CONCLUSIONS

- 5. It is concluded that:
- a. A review of the entire problem of the security of present COMINT sources is warranted in the light of the present situation wherein there appears to be a gradual lessening of security in the factor a more pressing need therefor.
- b. The possibility of self-approach, in the not distant future, to a state of readability of mattern his lived eryptosystems makes It of imperative that there be no delay in the re-examination of present CONINT in investigations, the possibility and decorability of security measures and the formulating and application. If new or additional measures which may prevent a repetition of the losses suffered in the recent past.
  - possible and it may be advisable to institute security safeguards such as were in force in connection with certain high-level COMINT problems in World War II.

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### RECOMMENDATIONS

- 4. It is recommended that:
- a. USCIB direct the USCIB Security Committee to make the review referred to in Par. Sa and to submit recommendations arising from a study based upon consideration of Pari. Sb and Sci of the foregoing conclusions.

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### FACTS BEARING UPON THE PROBLEM AND DISCUSSION

1.	Since	the end	of World	War II	there ha	s been a	continua	1
improveme	nt in	the typ	es of ory	ptosyst	ems emplo	yed by f	oreign go	vernments
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2. In the face of the increasing difficulties in its production,
the demand for COMINT has become even greater and the need for the pro-
tection of all COMINT sources increasingly imperative. Not only is this
true as regards all current COMINT sources, but we must anticipate even
greater needs for the protection of new sources. Fer example, when as
a result of concentrated effort AFSA succeeded in solving cortain
pryptosystems, the fruits theroof were soon denied us because of the with-
drawal from usage of all high-level systems soon after success in
their solution was attained, and we have now been virtually out of touch
with high-level communications for three years. If we should
regain contact and then lose it again we are likely to be denied this
Tital source of intelligence for a much longer period:

The basic essentials for effective security control of COMINT have finally been established after years of effort and the security situation has been considerably improved.

b. There is a general appreciation of the value of COMINT and the need for protecting its sources; and we now have the following mechanisms for better protection:

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- (1) A federal protective law (Public Lew No. 513),
- (2) Improved investigative machinery.
- (3) An interdepartmental authority (USCIB)
- (4) A single U.S. producor of high-level COMINT (AFSA).
- (5) Common security standards.
- (6) Security agreements with our foreign collaborators.
- 2. a. The part played by USCIB in the foregoing improvements in security are notable. USCIB Directive No. 1, approved on 16 November 1948, and revised as of 18 October 1950, provides:
  - "4. ... The Board will perform such functions as may be required to accomplish its objective, but it will place particular emphasis upon the following:
    - (c) Prescribing basic security standards and dissemination policies to protect all Communications Intelligence activities and sources."

- b. The same reference (Par. 12) establishes, among other standing committees, a Committee on Security with the following responsibilities:
  - "(b) Security. Formulation of interdepartmental security and dissemination policies, and coordination of other security matters under cognizance of USCIB."

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- e. USCIB Directive No. 4, approved on 14 January 1949, and revised as of 25 October 1950, establishes "Instructions for the Compartmentation of COMINT information", including certain "Precautions in dissemination and utilization of results."
- As a consequence of the foregoing, there has been instituted within AFSA itself a fetrly staid system of compartmentation of problems, a feature which militates against technical efficiency in COMINT production but which is considered essential for security.
- concerned over what appears to be a gradual lessening of the security of COMINT in the fact of a more pressing used therefor. Although important and basic steps have been taken since the war to establish security on a firmer foundation, other developments have occurred which have, to a large extent, nullified the effects of our advances.
- b. Despite the mechanisms and factors for better control, it is not believed that the security situation has been improved to a degree which warrants brushing aside all fear that current and future success on high-level problems may be mullified by leakage of information to the Governments whose communications are now being or seen will be successfully attacked. In fact, the basis for continued apprehensions on this score remains the same or even stronger than before, because of certain new factors in the COMINT security picture. Among them are the following:
- (1) There has been a steady and substantial increase of both workers and consumers. The list of indoctrinated consumers alone has risen from 594 in February 1947 to 1,332 in June 1950. In addition,

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there have been immumerable in ividuals brought into the fringe of knowledge for administrative, pudgetary, or other reasons.

- (2) Certain dissemination safeguards have gradually been relaxed. Material is new distributed and maintained in a number of areas in Washington outside the producing agencies, where it was never permitted before. Moreover, distribution has been authorized to additional agencies. Restrictions on the distribution of material to, and maintenance in, occupied areas have also been eased.
- (3) The administrative, control, and budgetary machinery and procedures are such that large numbers of individuals must be apprised of numerous details of COMINT activities. (The large number of agencies, effices, boards, and committees concerned with the operation and administration of COMINT activities necessitates innumerable reports, justifications, etc., which are very bezardous to security. The arrangements governing the operation of CIA are much more conducive to secrecy.)
- (4) The dissemination of results is far too voluminous for 60,000 copies of COMINT translations, representing some 16,000 individual decrypted messages, were in September. The handling of the German problem proved that COMINT can be effectively used even with the most drastic restrictions on dissemination
- (5) There is no over-all authority to insure observance of COMINT security regulations within offices of COMINT consumer agencies and organizations. Possibly too much individual authority and discretion are left to individual consumer and producer agencies to insure uniform application of adequate security measures. (The security control of atomic energy information is more centralized and rigid).

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It is obvious that under the foregoing conditions the laws of against the continued account in COMINT, in the first place, includes for probability are bound to operate to produce inadvertent leakage of information, even though the question of loyalty may not enter into the wasses as the organ of deadenments in COMINT mercens, bunch picture at ally, The chances for the leakage increases in direct proportion to the number of persons who are taken into the picture, the chances for instance of documents increases in direct proportion to the number of documents disseminated, and in the COMINT field, the loss of a single document, sometimes regardless of its specific contents, may have disastrous consequences; Af the document should fall into the wrong hands it most certainly will be followed by such consequences upon our COMINT activities.

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established in particular segments of the German COMINT problem. Actual experience with those safeguards amply demonstrated their feasibility and the practicability of operating successfully with an extremely limited number of sporational personnel who had a real "need-to-know" and with the absolute minimum of dissemination. That experience proved the possibility of maintaining the utmost security under difficult circumstances and constitutes a contradiction of the frequently-heard contention that operational effectiveness of COMINT is inevitably defeated by too strict limitation of dissemination to consumers.

It is possible to safeguard COMIRT by employing special disguises which will not handicap its usefulness and which at the same time will serve to hide the exact source from which it comes.

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- The latter possibility, together with more rigid limitations on dissemination may be necessary to insure us against the drying up of the sources of this vital information.
- 12. a. In considering what additional steps should be taken as soon as possible) it is convenient to divide the whole problem of COMINT security into four principal segments:
  - (1) Security precautions applicable to all steps in the production of the information.
  - (2) Format of the final product (whether or not the source of the information, when it leaves the production agency, is obvious).
  - (8) Control of production of copies and their dissemination to consumers.
  - (4) Security precautions applicable to the operational use of COMPET.
- b. Under its charter USCIB prescribes basic security standards and dissemination policies and therefore it has organizance of all four of the above-mentioned segments.
- segment (Par. 11a(1)) and has instituted within AFSA as rigid security controls in the production of COMINT information as practicable under the mechanics of processing. Compartmentation has been especially rigid in respect to the processing of the principal high-level cryptosystems and it is doubtful whether further steps can be taken in that direction

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toward increased security. However, USCIB may wish to look into this look into

b. The USCIB Coordinator has no jurisdiction, however, over the other three segments of the problem and believes that it is to those areas, especially (2) and (3), that USCIB should now direct its attention.

c. The USCIB Security Committee could be directed to study those segments of the problem and submit recommendations as regards the greater security protection of current as well as anticipated make sources of COMINT.