

REF ID: A488829

East wind message + message re  
(Whether in working condition of Honolulu)  
radar were destroyed by Col.  
Russell at Marshall's order.

S was notified by Noyes re Navy  
description of East wind  
message. S went to miles +  
miles called in Bratton who  
doubted transl + wanted the  
word. S called Noyes who  
said he didn't have it but that  
it was sure. Bratton insisted  
Sdtkg gave him the word +  
since S couldn't Bratton  
dismissed matter on 5 Dec Friday.  
S drew up tel to be sent to  
C.G.S (3) to the same to Chas. Hailer  
+ then to ~~Admiral~~ ~~Admiral~~ ~~Admiral~~  
+ then to ~~Admiral~~ ~~Admiral~~ ~~Admiral~~  
S if had discussed with whom  
when S told him Smith  
drew himself up + said S  
refuse to discuss matter further  
with you. Because attack expected for 30  
S tried to dissuade Olmstead

from going down on 1st Dec  
but O refused letter, (who  
he got back O was called  
in Marshall was said  
O's people had fallen down +  
job. O related with query  
as to why H didn't act on  
info supplied him.  
last message (on Sunday a.m.)  
When East wind message (???) did  
come in Bratton tried reach  
Marshall who was out house  
Finally got him shortly before  
noon + message sent at noon by  
French send Army air to New  
bad at that hour so message  
was sent W.D. - R.C.A. got  
there in 1/2 min. message boy was  
en route but on dropping of  
1st bomb led + message not  
delivered till after attack was  
On Monday + Tues. Marshall asked  
if radars were working there  
Sdtkg sent message + it came  
back by Wed signed Powell  
paying yes. Spalding told  
S Marshall ordered that one  
destroyed also

(From Safford)

Re the "Winds Message" -- Important.

It is apparent that the original distribution copy of the  
"Winds Message," which was known to have been in existence  
as late as Dec. 15, 1941, is still in existence. It is  
filed in a Navy Department safe with other ultra-secret  
papers pertaining to the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor.  
However, it is also apparent that all other copies of the  
"Winds Message" were collected and destroyed. This dis-  
tinction might be very important.

8/27/44

The witness who acknowledged the Winds Execute  
was General Marshall. He described it and stated he  
had discussed it with Admiral Stark at a Joint-Board  
meeting. The Winds Execute was also acknowledged by  
an Admiral who was on duty in the Navy Department  
during December, 1941. Kramer recalled the Winds  
Execute and described it to the Court, thus verifying  
earlier testimony.

SECRET

Recd from Capt  
Safford 22 Sept 44

Message referred to in Section XI (page 9) of the Roberts Report:

"Japanese Ambassador will deliver to State Department what amounts to an ultimatum at one p.m. December seventh. Significance of this time not known but be on the alert. Notify naval authorities concerned."

The foregoing is from memory, is second or third hand, and cannot be confirmed, but it is believed to be substantially correct.

See SIS # 25850 (to deliver reply  
to Sec State by  
1:00 P.M. 7 Dec  
Wash time).